PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
The Bombay Gazette Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED TWICE DAILY.

THE Bombay Gazette. MORNING EDITION.

No. 54,223.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1907. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing, Saturday	STEAMERS,	TONS.	CONNECTING AT ADEN WITH	TONS.
2-39 P.M.				
1907.				
6th Oct.	ORIENTAL	5284	MONGOLIA	9506
12th "	ARABIA	7903		
19th "	ORIENTAL	5284	VICTORIA	6522
26th "	PERSIA	7951		
2nd Nov.	MACEDONIA	10513	BRITANNIA	6525
9th "	OCEANA	6610		
16th "	PENINSULAR	5294	MOOLTAN	9631
23rd "	EGYPT	7912		
30th "	PENINSULAR	5294	CHINA	7912
7th Dec.	MARMORA	10609		
14th "	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	6898
21st "	ARABIA	7903		
28th "	ORIENTAL	5284	MOLDAVIA	9500
1908.				
4th Jan.	PERSIA	7951		
11th "	ORIENTAL	5284	INDIA	7911
18th "	OCEANA	6610		
25th "	ORIENTAL	5284	MONGOLIA	9505
1st Feb.	EGYPT	7912		
8th "	CALEDONIA	7358	VICTORIA	6522
15th "	ORIENTAL	5284		
22nd "	MACEDONIA	10513		
29th "	ARCADIA	6603		
7th Mar.	CALEDONIA	7358	BRITANNIA	6526
14th "	ARABIA	7903		
21st "	CALEDONIA	7358	MOOLTAN	9631
28th "	PERSIA	7951		
4th Apr.	MARMORA	10609		
11th "	EGYPT	7912		
18th "	CALEDONIA	7358	MOLDAVIA	9500
25th "	MACEDONIA	10513		
2nd May	ORIENTAL	5284	HIMALAYA	6898
9th "	CALEDONIA	7358		
16th "	ORIENTAL	5284	MONGOLIA	9505
23rd "	ARABIA	7903		

† Proceeds to Plymouth, London, and passengers for Marseilles and Gibraltar change at Port Said to the S. S. "Britannia."

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before [illegible] P.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Trains leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 and 12-30 P.M., for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

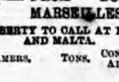
TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals sailing at Ports *en route*.

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.
Bombay, 28th September 1907.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.



GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge and on Favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates

CALCUTTA AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels,	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
OCEANIEN	4,143	Magnen	31st Oct. 1907.
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Martin	28th Nov. "
DUMBEA	6,686	Boyer	26th Dec. "
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Combe	23rd Jan. 1908.
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Verron	20th Feb. "
NERA	8,538	Schmitz	19th Mar. "
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Martin	16th Apr. "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain	To Sail on or about
DUMBEA	6,686	Boyer	11th Oct. 1907.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Combe	8th Nov. "
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Verron	6th Dec. "

For further Particulars apply to—

L. BRIGARD,
Agent.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct for BRINDISI and VENICE.

(Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
BALDUINO	4,580	D. Costa	15th Oct. 1907.
RUBATTINO	4,580	G. Tanca	15th Nov. "
D. BALDUINO	4,380	D. Costa	15th Dec. "

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 385	Rs. 165
Return tickets available two years	" 900	" 575	

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 870; 2nd Class Rs. 595. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going *via* Genoa and returning *via* Venice or *vice versa*, and can break their Journey at any port *en route*.

BOMBAY to SINGAPORE and HONGKONG.

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
ISCHIA	8,000	F. Dini	17th Oct. 1907.
LEVANZO	8,000		17th Nov. "
CAPRI	8,000	G. Belsito	17th Dec. "

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE and to HONGKONG Rs. 280.

Through Bills of Lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea and American Ports issued.

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.
No. 20, ESPLANADE ROAD.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route.—Via.
LHASA	2,170	Mon. 7th Oct.	11 a. m.	P. D & C.*
DWARKA	1,700	Thur 10th Oct.	9 a. m.	Cutch Mandvie.
LINGA	2,170	Frid. 11th Oct.	7 a. m.	(direct). *

* Via Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "GOALPARA," 2,147 tons, on MONDAY, 7th Oct., calling at Veraval, Mangrole and Dwarka, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mohomera and Bussreh.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,700 tons, on THURSDAY, 10th Oct., calling at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera and Koweit also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "SIRSA," 2,610 tons, on or about 5th October.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Africa, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand, apply to —

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.
3rd October, 1907.

KING KING & CO.,
BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries, and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or Messrs. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA:
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN UNDER MAIL THE AUSTRIAN — LLOYD'S S. N. Co, CONTRACT WITH GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE VIA BRINDISI

Steamers.	Tons	Captain.	To sail on
KOERBER	5301	A. Foresti	1st Nov.
BOHEMIA	4232	M. Ljubcovich	16th "
AFRICA	4596	P. Badessich	1st Dec
IMPERATOR	4140	F. Mosco	16th "

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE, VENICE.

and Brindisi are available for two years,

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES Co.

RETURN TICKETS, available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., are issued at reduced fares.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S S. N. CO.

Return Tickets are issued for the voyage, Bombay to Trieste, by Austrian Lloyd's and Genoa to Colombo by North German Lloyd's and vice versa.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf, but during the Passengers Season (March April and May) all the steamers of the Direct Line will call on their Homeward voyage first at Venice and then at Trieste.

STEAM TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, AND KOBE.

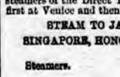
Steamers.	Tons	Captain.	To sail on or about.
F. FERDINAND	6046	C. Matcovich	25th Oct.

For further particulars regarding passages apply to the

AGENT GENERAL,
Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co
Sassoon House, 53, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

APRIL 23RD, 1907.

ALL PREVIOUS ISSUES ARE HEREBY CANCELLED.



ELLERMAN (CITY AND HALL) LINES OF STEAMERS,

From BOMBAY *via* KARACHI to LONDON (*via* MARSEILLES OR GENOA); LIVERPOOL and other Ports.

From Bombay or Karachi.	A. 1st class Surgeon and Stewardess.		B. All Steamers without Surgeon or Stewardess.		2nd Class only when steamer has 1st Class accommodation.	
	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return Rs.
Suez	440	704	352	528	330	495
Port Said	468	748	374	561	352	528
Marseilles Genoa or Naples	578	935	495	770	429	649
Liverpool	606	990	517	792	462	704
London overland via Genoa or Marseilles returning via Marseilles or Naples	653	*1135	570	*920	429	809
Karachi	44	"	40	"	33	"

* Returning journey from Liverpool, by Sea, Rs. 1,036, Rs. 945 and Rs. 731, respectively.

The following sailings are subject to alteration:—

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FROM KARACHI.

Class.	Steamers.	Tons.	Due Bombay	Leaves Bombay.	Leave Karachi.	Due Liverpool.
	City of Madras		25 Sept.	5 Oct.	15 Oct.	9 Nov.
	City of York		18 Oct.	26 Oct.	6 Nov.	29 Nov.
	City of London		1 Nov.	13 Nov.	20 Nov.	13 Dec.
	City of Karachi		10 Nov.	21 Nov.	3 Dec.	24 Dec. 1908.
	Trafford Hall		20 Nov.	30 Nov.	10 Dec.	1 Jan.

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY.

Sutton Hall	..	21 Oct.	28 Nov	..	15 Dec.
City of Paris	..	14 Feb.	24 Mar.	..	15 April.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to—

KILLICK NIXON & Co.,
Agent ELLERMAN (CITY AND HALL) LINES OF STEAMERS, Bombay.

BACK NUMBERS of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, the Weekly Budget and the Weekly Mail Editions when available, are supplied on the following terms:—The price varies, according to lapse of time between As. 2 and Re. 1, and higher for very old issues, if available,

SHIPPING.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE. (GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)

Regular fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Steamer	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about
* HUNDSRATH	3260	Greine	10th Oct. 1907.
* SULTAN	3984	Ulrich	31st "

Taking Passengers and Cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, USAMBARA and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, and DURBAN.

*Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES,
Agent,
24, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY, 2ND OCTOBER, 1907.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

DUBOIS FRERES & CAGNION'S COGNAC.

FLEUR DE BLANZAC.
Rs. 3-12 per bottle.
JOCKEY CLUB.—Rs. 2-12 per bottle.
Liberal Terms to the Trade.

TO BE HAD FROM
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & CO., LTD.,
SOLE AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

VON LINTZGY'S
SPLEEN, LIVER, MALARIOUS FEVER; AND ANTI-FEVER MIXTURE.

Completely eradicates Fever and reduces Spleen and Liver. THOUSANDS CURED yearly. No recommendation is too strong for the Specific; it supersedes all other so-called Specifics.

PRICE Re. 1 per bottle.
SPECIAL RATES TO THE TRADE.
SOLD BY
VON LINTZGY & CO.,
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,
290-1-2, Bow Bazar Street, CALCUTTA,
and all respectable Medicine Vendors.

The above remedy has stood the test of time and thorough trial. Thousands of Testimonials have been received and are open to inspection. Trials are earnestly solicited. We are quite confident of the result.

THE NAZARETH CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL, OOTACAMUND.

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE LADIES OF THE "FRANCISCAINES MISSIONNAIRES DE MARIE."

THE COURSE OF EDUCATION for all Classes includes the subjects required for the Public Examinations of the Indian Government. Pupils are also prepared for the Local Cambridge Examinations.

Instruction in Singing, Musical Drill, and Needlework, both Fancy and Plain, is given to all Classes.

A Special Class, for Children of Ladies, is also held or Reserved Class Boarders.

TERMS ON APPLICATION TO
THE LADY SUPERIOR,
The NAZARETH CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL
OOTACAMUND, NILGHERRIES.

FOR SALE
BOILER AND ENGINE.

A PORTABLE LOCO-TYPE BOILER, with Engine, by Ransomes Head and Jefferies in good condition. May be seen by appointment Apply to "B G.," care of this Office.

NEW TEAS. NEW TEAS.
TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS
Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.

A CHOICE CUP OF TEA.
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER,
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Apply early to
CROFT, MODY & Co.,
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WHOLESALE AGENTS:
RETAIL SUPPLIERS:—Messrs. BRANDON & Co, Victoria Terminus and Messrs. DENISON & Co. Hummum Street, Fort.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

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(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

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By Grattan Geary, Rs. 5.

LAYS OF THE LAW.
(A Selection of Leading Cases)
By W. E. H. Re. 1

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wants, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.
Apply "The BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

ARTISTIC PIANOS, AT POPULAR PRICES
EITHER FOR CASH OR GRADUAL PAYMENTS.

As a special inducement to those requiring a really FIRST CLASS PIANO, but who find the Monthly Payments on the two years' calculation a higher sum than they can conveniently afford, we are prepared to extend the period of Gradual Payments to THREE YEARS when required.

THE FINEST STOCK IN BOMBAY
OF
GRANDS AND UPRIGHTS
SPECIALLY BUILT FOR THE CLIMATE OF INDIA.

Piano Worth.	One Year per month.	Two Years per month.	Three Years per month.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
550	50	27	19
650	59	32	22-8
780	71	38-12	27
985	89-8	48-4	34
1,100	99-12	54-0	38
1,700	154-8	84-0	59
1,850	168-0	91-8	65

NO DEPOSIT REQUIRED.

JULIUS BLUTHNER
SCHIEDMAYER
AND SOEHNE,
RICHD. LIPP & SOHN.
GROTRIAN STEINWAG
NACNF
MARCKS & Co.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SALE! SALE!!
JAPANESE SILK GOODS and CURIOS.
COMMENCES FROM 16TH SEPT. TO 5TH OCT. 1907.
BESSHO & CO.,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT.
CLEARANCE SALE! SALE!!

FOR MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,
Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, Rs. 2-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness, Re. 1-8,

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
Is scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B.P. As. 4.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY
DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

PAGE & SANDEMAN'S
Celebrated
INVALID'S PORT
Gold Capsule.
SECOND TO NONE.
Obtainable Everywhere.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

THE
INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE
FOR OCTOBER, 1907.
SPECIAL TIME AND FARE TABLES
OF ALL THE
INDIAN RAILWAYS
ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS,
THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM
BOMBAY TO PLACES IN INDIA AND ABROAD
POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION.
STEAM-BOAT AND DAK COMPANIES
PLACES OF INTEREST ALONG THE COAST
A COLOURED MAP OF INDIA
SHOWING THE PRINCIPAL RAILWAY STATIONS ON THE INDIAN LINES
PRICE, EIGHT ANNAS. ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION, Rs. 5.

USE ONLY and USE ALWAYS
ATKINSON'S
A LUXURIOUS PERFUME IN HEALTH.
MOST REFRESHING.
Far Superior to the German Kinds.
A NECESSARY RESTORATIVE IN SICKNESS.
EAU DE COLOGNE

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 117,50,000.
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
J. S. M. SMITH, *Chief Manager.*

LONDON BANKERS:
LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD
LONDON COMMITTEE
SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt)
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq (Director Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.).
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K. C. M. G.
A. M. TOWNSEND, C. S. ADDIS, } *London Managers*

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

AMOY,	HONGKONG,	RANGOON,
BANGKOK,	KOBE,	SAIGON,
BATAVIA,	LONDON,	SAN FRANCISCO.
BOMBAY,	LYONS,	SHANGHAI
CALCUTTA	MANILA,	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO,	NAGASAKI,	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW,	NEW YORK,	TIENTSIN,
HAMBURG,	PEKING,	YOKOHAMA.
HANKOW.	PENANG.	YLOILO,

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.
Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. H. WILSON,
Agent.
CHURCH GATE STREET BOMBAY.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.
HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

FISCAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CHINA, THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS AND PANAMA.

Capital paid up	Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits	Gold $3,459,038·06

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street, Within, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Canton.	Kobe.
Calcutta.	Manila.	San Francisco.
Singapore.	Cebu.	City of Mexico.
Penang.	Shanghai.	Washington.
Hong Kong.	Yokohama.	Panama.
	Colon.	

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG,
Acting Manager.
BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£600,000
RESERVE FUND	£600,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta.	Delhi.	Cawnpore.	Tuticorin
Lahore.	Bombay.	Colombo.	Zanzibar.
Amritsar	Madras.	Mandalay.	Mombasa
Kurrachee.	Rangoon.	Newera Eliya.	Nairobi.
Steamer Point.	Aden.	Kandy.	Chittagong
Entebbe.			

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
BOMBAY. *Manager.*

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.
HEAD OFFICE ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	" 50,00,000

DIRECTORS:

Sir SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman. (Messrs Sassoon J. David and Co., (Bombay.)
Sir J. COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Kt. (Messrs Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
Sir. FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
DORABJI JAMSETJI TATA, Esq., (of Messrs. Tata Sons & Co.)
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INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 2 per half-year will be allowed.

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Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

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The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon: they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager

BANKS.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up)	Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)	Rs. 21,00,000

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Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

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THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen 24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	" 21,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND	" 11,050,000
SPECIAL RESERVE for SILVER FUND	" 1,000,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND	" 2,500,000

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	Chefoo	Liaoyang	
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K. KODAMA,
Manager
Albert Buildings,
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THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 170,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.
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The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Draf

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

POONA RACES.

THE RACE SPECIAL TRAINS will, subject to the usual conditions, run from Victoria Terminus to Poona and back on SATURDAY, the 5th October, 1907.

The trains from Victoria Terminus will run to the following altered timings :—

2nd Class Special Victoria Terminus,	Dep.	10-55
Do Poona	Arr.	14-0
1st Class Special Victoria Terminus,	Dep.	11-30
Do Poona	Arr.	14-30

The Timings from Poona remain unaltered.

In case the number of passengers offering is insufficient to warrant both trains being run, only one train will run at 11-30 hours.

W. LAIDLAW,
For Ag. General Traffic Manager.

BOMBAY, 4TH OCTOBER, 1907.

(Sections 64 and 68 of Code of Civil Procedure.)

SUIT No. 6880/1907

IN THE COURT OF THE MUNSIFF OF MAHABUN.

MOHAMMUD ISMAIL, Son of KARIM BUX, by Caste Shaikh, Resident Muttra, Mohallah Munoharpura ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

QASIM BHAI MOHAMMUD and JAMAL BHAI MOHAMMUD, Sons of MOHAMMUD, by Caste Khoji, resident of Bombay, Mohallah Palki, Khersk Bazar, Malikan "Karkhana," Mosomah Qasim Bhai Mohammud ..... Defendants.

WHEREAS the Plaintiff has instituted a Suit in this Court against you for Rs. 327, you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by a duly authorised Pleader of the Court, duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions, on the Twenty-first day of November, 1907, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, to answer the above-named plaintiff ; and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the Suit, you must be prepared to produce all your witnesses on that day ; and you are hereby required to take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence ; and you will bring with you or send by your Pleader which the plaintiff desires to inspect, and any documents on which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the Court this 28th September, 1907.

Court of the Munsiff, Mahabun, N.-W. Provinces.

LATTA PD JOHRI,
Munsiff.

NOTICE.

(1) Should you apprehend your witnesses will not attend of their own accord, you can have summonses from this Court to compel the attendance of any witness and the production of any document that you have a right to call upon the witness to produce, on applying to the Court at any time before the trial, on your depositing the necessary subsistence-money.

(2) If you admit the demand, you should pay the money into Court with the costs of the suit, to avoid the summary execution of the decree, which may be against your person or property, or both, if necessary.

SEALED TENDERS for MEDICAL STORE SUPPLIES will be received up to 12 noon on the 1st November, 1907.

Tender and Schedule forms can be had on written application accompanied by fee of one rupee per set.

For further particulars apply to the Undersigned.

H. St. C. CARRUTHERS LT.-Col., I. M. S.,
Medical Storekeeper to Govt.,
Madras.

Government Medical Stores,
Madras, 23rd September, 1907.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF PRINTED BOOKS AND FORMS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the AGENT, at his Office, at Victoria Terminus Bombay, up to 1 p. m. (Standard Time), on WEDNESDAY, the 9th October, 1907, for the supply of the above during one year, three years or five years, commencing from 1st January, 1908.

2. Tender Forms of the above giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of the books and forms required, and the conditions on which Tenders will be received may be obtained on application at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, on payment of Rs. 5 for each form. No refund of this amount will be made on account of unused Tender forms.

3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any Tender without reference to the other items on the same Tender and the Tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.

4. Tenders should be superscribed with heading as above, and a deposit of rupees one thousand should accompany each Tender without which no Tender will be considered. Only cash, currency notes, or Government Promissory notes will be received as deposits, and if the latter, they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or order."

5. All books and forms to be equal in all respects to the Company's standard samples which can be obtained on application to the General Storekeeper.

6. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, 4th September, 1907.

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GRAND PROVISION SALE

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FOR 10 DAYS ONLY.

Visit at once, because every

Article is sold at COST PRICE.

Book your Order at once.

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NOTICE.

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JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each Special Quotations for large quantities with name of Company included. Apply at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," Office.

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The Cardinal's Secret. By Garrett Mill.
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The Three Comrades. By Gustav Frenssen
Joseph Vance. By William de Morgan.
The Flying Cloud. By Morley Roberts.
The Toll Bar. By J. E. Buckrose.
Short Cruises. By W. W. Jacobs.
The Messsage. By A. J. Dawson.
The Pointing Finger. By Rita.
Merry Garden. By Q. (A. T. Quiller Couch).
The Quicksands of Pactolus. By Horace A. Vachell.
Where Love Leads. By Charles Garvice.
The Privateers. By H. B. Marriott Watson.
2835 Mayfair. By Frank Richardson,
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DURING the Hot Steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lenses, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs 35.

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JARRAH Steam-Sawn Scantlings suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame work, Cotton bale ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. Sample and price list on application to

MESSRS. MILLARS' KARRI JARRAH Coy. (1902) Ld.,
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The Great Eastern Remedy

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ESSENCE OF NEEM.

Full directions accompany each bottle.

Beware of Spurious Imitations.

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From PANDIT KOILAS NATH SUKUL, *Physician to H. H. the Maharaja of Butrampore.*—"Anything that can be said in praise of your newly-invented 'Essence of Neem' is insufficient to describe its merit as Purifier of Human Blood. I have much pleasure to let you know, that within the short space of the past six months, I have given it ten different trials in so me of the most obstinate skin diseases, three of which were advanced cases of Indian Leprosy, and your Essence has in all of them effected most admirable cures, the like of which I have never noticed during my practice of the last twelve months."

From MRS. A. R. B., ALLAHABAD.—"Please send me by return post, six bottles more of your invaluable "Essence of Neem;' it is doing me more good than all the Doctors have done for me."

From MR. B. L. D. A.—"I am happy to say that the 'Neem' is doing a great deal of good to the patient, and I think he will ask me to write in a day or two for some more."

From R. D., DHOLEPORE.—"I most humbly beg to inform your honour, please send me three bottles of "Essence of Chiretta" and two bottles of 'Sarsaparilla;' and now I am quite well by your medicine, 'Essence of Neem.'"

From S. D. A. RAI BAHSILL.—"Please send me one bottle 'Essence of Neem' by V. P. Post. It has proved very efficacious."

From M. N. B. GOPALGUNGE.—"I must thank you heartily for so kindly sending the four bottles of 'Essence of Neem. I believe, by the blessing of our Heavenly Father, your medicine will fully cure my friends who have been already much benefitted by it."

From M. C. W. W., SHILLONG.—"Many thanks for the last bottle of your 'Essence of Neem' which has done much good."

From BABU B. N. S., SYLHET.—"Be good enough to send per V. P. P. a bottle of 'Essence of Neem,' I have derived much benefit by taking a phial of the same."

From BABU P. S., ANARKULLI, LAHORE.—"Please send to my address two bottles of your 'Essence of Neem' at an early date. Last year, I sent for 2 bottles of this ; it did excellent good to my son-in-law who was suffering with a worse type of skin disease."

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From MR. V. H., TROOP BAZAR, HYDERABAD, DECCAN.—Dear Sir,—Kindly send to my address as soon as possible, one bottle of Dr. E. J. Lazarus's 'Essence of Neem' (the Purifier of Blood) by value-payable parcel. I have used one bottle already and found it very useful. Please send me one more bottle by return of mail."

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MEDICAL HALL, BENARES.

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF ICE MAKING MACHINES.

Under instructions from Messrs. Maraland, Price & Co., Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 4th instant, at 4-30 p. m., sell by Public Auction, at the Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co., at Connaught Road, Masgon.

(1). One "Ice making machine" for household purposes, size No. 3, No. 18388 complete, comprising boiler with safety valve, pressure, and water gauges, thermometer and other mountings, coal shovel, fire iron, etc., complete condenser and ice generator with their accessories complete, also connecting piping valves, bolts, nuts, washers, spanners etc., complete and one charge of spirits of Ammonia, 30 per cent. strength. Capacity 250 lbs. per 24 hours.

2. One "Ice making machine," No. 1, complete, comprising boiler with safety valve, pressure and water guages, thermometer and other mountings, coal shovel, fire iron, etc., complete, condenser and ice generator with their accessories complete, also connecting piping valves, bolts, nuts, washers, spanners, etc., complete and one charge of spirits (25 kilos) of sal Ammonia. Capacity 70 lbs. per 24 hours.

The above is now on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 5th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S.T.).

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.

1 secondhand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.

1 second-hand glass fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.

1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.
1 grey Arab gelding aged.
1 rubber-tyred night victoria in good order.
1 child's pony with harness.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED AND CONFISCATED ARMS AND AMMUNITION.

Under instructions from the Commissioner of Police Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will, on THURSDAY, the 10th instant, at 2 p.m., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a large quantity of unclaimed and confiscated arms and ammunition consisting of single and double Barrel rifles and guns, cartridges, bullet moulds, loading machines, spears, daggers, revolvers, bayonet, pikes, swords, sulphine, gun powder, pistols, knives, sword sticks, &c., &c.

The above will be on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

BOMBAY, 4TH OCTOBER, 1907.

THE ORPHEUS MUSICAL STORES.

MUSIC & MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

MILITARY BRASS BAND INSTRUMENTS

BANJOS, GUITARS, Flatbacked,

Guitar Shaped and Harp MANDOLINES, VIOLINS, CELLOS, DOUBLE BASSES, etc.,

FITTINGS for all instruments.

STRINGS The BEST, FRESHEST and SWEET TONED—Stocked.

TAMBOURINES, MOUTH ORGANS WHISTLES BONES, ETC. ETC.,

F. CABRAL & SON,
KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,

Cheapest Dealers in

STATIONERY, DRAWING AND PAINTING MATERIALS

For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc.

RUBBER STAMP MAKERS.

KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

MURUGAPPA CHETTYAR & CO'S HIGH CLASS SUMATRA BRAND.

These are rates per 100 at Trichy.

FLOR-DE-GANESHA CLUB...	Rs. 7-8,
Ditto Nos. 1, 2 and 3... Rs. 4-8; 4-4; and 4-0 respectively	
GANESHA SPECIALS Nos. 1, 2, and 3 Rs. 3-12; 3-8; and 3-4 do.	
NELSON Nos. 1 and 2..... Rs. 4-0 and 3-8 do.	
TOGO Nos. 1 and 2 ..... Rs. 3-4 and 3-0 do.	
LA GANESHA GEMS, Nos. 1, 2, and 3. Rs. 3-0; 2-8 and 2-4 do.	
PLANTERS..... Rs. 2-4 do.	

Subject to addition of 5 per cent to cover Freight etc.

N. B.—Pure Indian CIGARS can also be had of

S. T. MURUGAPPA CHETTYAR & Co.,
BYCULLA.

SELF CURE NO FICTION!
MARVEL UPON MARVEL!
NO SUFFERER
NEED NOW DESPAIR,

but without running a doctor's bill or falling into the deep ditch of quackery, may safely, speedily and economically cure himself without the knowledge of a second party. By the introduction of

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
THERAPION,

a complete revolution has been wrought in this department of medical science, whilst thousands have been restored to health and happiness who for years previously had been merely dragging out a miserable existence.

THERAPION No. 1—A Sovereign Remedy for discharges from the urinary organs, impending infections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases.

THERAPION No. 2—A Sovereign Remedy for primary and secondary skin eruptions, ulcerations, ... and swellings of the joints, and all those complaints which mercury and sarsaparilla are popularly but erroneously supposed to cure. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood and thoroughly eliminates all poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3—A Sovereign Remedy for debility, nervousness, impaired vitality, confusion, dizziness and incapacity for business or pleasure, pains of suffering, bloating, indigestion, pains in the back and head, and all those diseases arising from early error and excesses which the faculty so persistently ignore, because so impotent to cure or even relieve.

THERAPION is sold by principal Chemists throughout the world. Price in Retail 10/ per case. Wholesale Agents, etc., to the Trade, ... (in which a reduction on a full quantity will be given) to every purchaser by order of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Immovable Properties at 1st Nowroji Hill Road and Jail Road.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., Auctioneers, will, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 4th day of October, 1907, at the hours of 4-30 p.m., 5-30 p.m., and 6 p.m. (Standard Time), in the afternoon, respectively, sell on the premises in three separate lots, by Public Auction, the undermentioned properties by order and under the instructions of the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the mortgagees, Appaji alias Dhondu Gangaram Kadoosker, in exercise of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 4th day of December, 1906, and expressed to be made between the said mortgagor, Appaji alias Dhondu Gangaram Kadoosker, of the one part, and the said mortgagees of the other part.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES.

Lot No. I to be sold at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.)

All that piece or parcel of Fasendari Land or dwelling-house standing thereon situate at the Nowroji Hill Road, outside the Fort, and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 30ft. in breadth and 50ft. in length or thereabouts and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 3909 and Street No. 4150 and bounded on the east by the said 1st Nowroji Hill Road, on the west by the house of Kashiram Pardeshi, on the north by the house of Tatiaba Vani and on the south by the house of Nabiha Rangari.

Lot No. II to be sold at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.)

All that piece or parcel of permanent Fasendari land admeasuring, square yards or thereabouts with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality under Ward Nos. 3716 and 3716 A, Street Nos. 7 and 857 to 861, all which premises are situate at Jail Road, East Street, in the city and Registration Sub-district of Bombay and are bounded on the east and south by the property of Kondaji Hanmantrao Kadoosker, on the west by the said Jail Road, East Street, and on the north by the property of Kikabhoy Farsoolabhoy.

Lot No. III to be sold at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

All that piece or parcel of Fasendari land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon situate lying and being without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay at 1st Nowroji Hill Road, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 3831 (1) (2) and Street Nos. 97-101 and 101 and bounded on the east by the property of Jalbhoy Ardeshir Sett, on the west by the 1st Nowroji Hill Road aforesaid, on the north by the house of Rao Bahadur Vithaldas Krishnaji Vandekar and on the south by the property of Rao Saheb Balkrishnaji Bhimaji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Mr. Manchershah R. Vakil, attorney for the mortgagees, at his Office at No. 2, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the Undersigned.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 7th instant, at 2-30 p.m., a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods, and the following :—

Furniture such as mirror side board almyrah clothes press, chest-of-drawers, dressing, wash-hand and writing tables, sofas, bedstead, English double door iron safe chevel glass dumbwaiter, &c.,

1 D.B. B. L. Hammer Gun in case.

By order of the Post-Master General, Bombay :—A lot of unserviceable articles such as leather bags and wallets, belts, canvas, drill bags, lamps, iron safes, wooden boxes, chairs, clocks, time-pieces, etc.

At 3-30 P. M.

Several gent's bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred light victoria.
1 light rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 French-polished Office shigram.
1 double steated brougham.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

AUCTION SALE of a very valuable BUNGALOW with a large GARDEN at Tardeo Road, opposite the Byramji Hall, Tardeo.

Under instructions from the Bank of Bombay, the mortgagees, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 10th October, 1907, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Mr. Dayabhai Tapidas Vurjdas, under and by virtue of the power of sale reserved to the mortgagees in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 7th day of October, 1901, the following landed property on the premises.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of Foras Salt Batty ground with the bungalow and other buildings standing thereon, situate on the east side of Tardeo Road, in the Island and Registration District of Bombay, computed to contain by admeasurement seven thousand five hundred and eighty-eight square yards and seven-ninths of a square yard, be the same little more or less, and bounded as follows : That is to say, on or towards the east by a piece of ground now or formerly belonging to Government, on or towards the west by the said Tardeo Road, on or towards the north by the property now of late Juggonnath Narronjee and on or towards the south by ground previously belonging to Merwanjee Rustomjee deceased, but afterwards belonging to Cowasjee Manockjee Mombutteewala ; which said piece of land (with other ground adjoining) is registered in the Books of the Commissioner of Foras Land under Nos. 461 and 462 and is assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 61 and 62 and is assessed by the Municipality under Ward No. 3829 (1), Street No. 691, Tardeo Road, and which said premises are now in the occupation of Mr. Dayabhai Tapidas Vurjdas.

The Mortgagor Mr. Dayabhai Tapidas Virjdas has undertaken to concur in the sale and in the conveyance to be made to the Purchaser and to hand over possession of the property to the purchaser on completion.

For printed copies of particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Crawford, Brown & Co., solicitors, the attorneys for the mortgagee, at their Office No. 24, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

BOMBAY, 4TH OCTOBER, 1907.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 33, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLES AND UNCLAIMED BOOKED AND UNBOOKED ARTICLES.

Under instructions from the B. B. & C. I. Railway Company and in accordance with Sections No. 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act IX of 1890, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 19th October, 1907, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Railway Company's Goods Depot, Colaba, next to the Tramway Company's stables.

A quantity of valuables and unclaimed booked and unbooked articles and a large quantity of cotton pickings.

A descriptive list of the booked articles can be seen at any station on the broad-gauge section of the B. B. & C. I. Railway.

MENESSE & Co.

BOMBAY, 4TH OCTOBER, 1907.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF SECOND-HAND MILL MACHINERY.

Under instructions from Mr. A. Meyer, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 4th October, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at the compound of the E. D. Sassoon Mill, Kalachowki Dhobighat, and on account and risk of the defaulting purchaser, Gopaldas Thakersey, she undermentioned second-hand machinery,—

10 roller cards, Platt maker.
2 ister machines of 98 spindles, Platt make.
1 slubbing machine of 60 spindles, Platt maker

The above machinery is now lying in the compound of the E. D. Sassoon Mill, Kalachowki Dhobighat, and can be inspected there Further particulars and conditions of sale may be seen at the Office of the Undersigned, or Mr. Solomon J. Judah, Solicitor, at 24 Esplanade Road, Fort.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of knocking the lots to the purchasers and the balance shall be paid and goods cleared within two days from the day of sale at the expense of the purchaser.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

BOMBAY, 4TH OCTOBER, 1907.

Messrs. S. J. MEYER & Co. beg to offer their services as AGENTS IN ENGLAND. Established in 1844, they have a thorough knowledge of the Markets, and experience of Eastern requirements.

The books of the Firm give personal connection to all buyers, and enable Goods to be shipped to Europe, Australia, Canada, Continental Ports, &c., on the most favourable terms. Machinery orders have attention of the Principals.

TELEGRAMS, "KEYMER, LONDON."

THE Bombay Gazette.

PRICE ONE ANNA.

DAWK EDITIONS for UP-COUNTRY SUBSCRIBERS.

EVENING EDITION

In Time for PUNJAB, CALCUTTA & RAICHUR MAILS.

THE Bombay Gazette IS NOW THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN WESTERN INDIA.

It reaches every City, Town and Village.

It is NOT hired for AN HOUR and then RETURNED.

IT REMAINS IN THE CLUB, THE HOTEL, THE BUNGALOW AND THE COTTAGE THE WHOLE DAY THROUGH AND IS READ FROM TITLE PAGE TO IMPRINT.

PRICE ONE ANNA.

OUR NEW DOMESTIC SENSATIONAL STORY.

CONTAINS GRAPHIC DESCRIPTIONS OF LONDON LIFE AND SCENES, AND A STRONG LOVE INTEREST WITH THRILLING EPISODES.

IT IS WRITTEN BY

ALICE AND CLAUDE ASKEW,

Authors of "The Shulamite," "Anna of the Plains," "The Premier's Daughter," "Eve and the Law," "Jennifer Fontefract," &c., &c.

AND IS ENTITLED

SCARLET TOWN.

COMMENCED IN OUR COLUMNS

ON SEPT. 2ND.

We have pleasure in introducing to our readers this new story which gives us many vivid pictures of present day life and manners in the great city of London. We are invited to see the rich and the poor, and the contrast between the two is well portrayed. Sir Roger Easderby, the hero, is a well-to-do gentleman of easy birth and manners. Ruth Lovatt, the heroine, daughter of a wealthy factory owner, is a direct contrast to the man who loves her. Beauty, wealth and position are hers, but she recks little of these things. Her heart bleeds for those to whose toil she owes all her comfort. Her father is known for a hard man, one who grinds the face of the poor. But Ruth engages in many a mission of tender mercy among them. It is in this way that she meets with Mary Paradyne, who, having forsaken all at the call of duty, stands in strong contrast to the other women of the story, notably Vanna Neal, a woman of wealth and influence, of whose past the world knows nothing, and supposes to be a widow. But unawares to herself, she is really under the thumb of Montague Morrison, a wealthy financier, who, up

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Amaryllis, 2,586 tons, Captain G W Lash, will sail to-day for Calcutta, in ballast.

THE steamer Gadsby, 2,273 tons, Captain E S Clark, will sail to-day for Trieste, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Clan Colquhoun, 3,759 tons, Captain G Scott, sailed yesterday for Chittagong &c, with the same bottom cargo.

THE steamer Cardium, 3,953 tons, Captain W Daniel, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kustendji, with a cargo of petroleum in bulk.

THE steamer King Robert, 2,514 tons, Captain R M Saunders, arrived in Bombay harbour on Wednesday evening from Mormugoa with a cargo of manganese ore.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Watora, 2,565 tons, Captain J Reddoch, arrived in harbour on the 2nd instant from Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Messrs Henderson, McLean, Hough and Newlands.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Wednesday, 2nd October, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

R I M S Lawrence.....Comdr C W Shearme.....R I Marine
R I M S Minto.....Lieut D Goldsmith.....R I Marine
Patrick Stewart.....Capt W A Tindall.....I G T T S
Three Torpedo Boats.....Royal Navy

In the stream.

R I M S Hardinge.....Lieut C O Campbell.....R I Marine
R I M S Margarita.....Capt W L Kelly.....Pearl Fishery
R I M S Pallinurus.....Comdr E S Hickman.....Survey Boat
R I M S Investigator.....Capt W G Beauchamp.....R I Marine
H M S High Flyer.....Capt C S Hickley.....R Nav/

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR—October 3.

Armand Behic.....3564 Guignemth.....Marseilles..5-10 M M & Co
Capri.....2781 Belsito.....W & R S N Co
Capsia.....2317 Young.....J M & Co
Cardium.....3953 Daniel.....W & A Graham & Co
Falls of Monzie.....3457 Hamilton.....Shaw Wallace & Co
Goalpara.....1358 Morrison.....M M & Co
Ipswich.....813 Wallace.....Shah S N Co
Lalpoora.....2124 Hodgson.....Calcutta.....M M & Co
Moltkefels.....3110 Schwartz.....Glade & Co
Siam.....2 41 v Lennan Turner.....M & Co
Quipenta.....3429 Hill.....M M & Co
Sanctoria.....2378 Worland.....Bombay Co
Shahnoor.....2783 Foster.....Shah S N Co
Shahjehan.....2566 Davison.....Shah S N Co
Shah Najaan.....2751 Davison.....Shah S N Co
Shah Ameer.....1622 Pilling.....Shah S N Co
Shah Nasir.....2 55 Grant.....Shah N N Co
Sirsa.....1675 Emmett.....M M & Co
Sukdeal.....617 Lemon.....M M & Co
Ujina.....3126 Kendall.....M M & Co
Warora.....3565 Reddock.....M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK—October 3.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
A	Shah Nawaz	2523	Baldoin	Jeddah, N F.		The Shah S N Co
D & E	Clan Colquhoun	3760	Green	Chittagong	5-10	F M & Co
V	Stanley Hall	2860	Henderson	Genoa	4-10	K Nixon & Co
C	Ahmadi	1640	Hughes	R S Ports	5-10	B & P S N Co
		2029	Maclaren	Hu l via K'chi	5-10	F M & Co
		3385	Tocqueu	Aden	5-10	P & O Co
		3288	Lumley	Philadelphia	5-10	R A Willis
		572	Fakeera	Repairing	N F	Bo S N Co
	obert	2534	Saunders	Mostyn Deep	12-10	K N & Co
	ort	1735	Geddie	R S Ports	11-10	B & P S N Co

H W P D

		552	Esmail	D'nagar	5-10 Bo S N Co
		924	Mahomed	K'chi	5-10 Bo S N Co

M W D

H Furl		642	Ahmed	N F	Bo S N Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2	Castalia	4081	Blight	Lpool	6-10 W & A G & Co
4	Drumcondra	2964	Taylor	Avesp	5-10 W & A G & Co
8	Africa	2560	Badiocchi	Trieste	1-10 A L S N & Co
5	Conisclitte	2512	Pottinger	D'kirk	12-10 W & A G & Co
9	Gadsby	2273	Clarke	Venice	4-10 T Morrison & Co
10 & 11	Arabia	4107	Leigh	London	12-10 P & O Co
10 & 11	Bevania	4785	Hide	Shanghai	15-10 P & O Co
14	Badale	1613	Bova	Jedda	7-10 G Joewanjee
15	Shah Allum	1917	Davison	Stream	2-10 Shah S N Co

H W V D

Lucia		938	Rickford	Karachi	4-10 M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
2	King Robert	Saunders	Mormugoa Oct 1
	Watora	Reddoch	Calcutta Aug 18
3	H M S Highflyer	Hickley	Colombo Sept 28
	Cardium	Daniel	Kustendji Sept 9

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
3	City of Madras	McFee	Karachi
	Kola	Cole	Persian Gulf &c
	Querimba	Smith	Calcutta
	Armand Behic	Guignet	Marseilles
	Clan Colquhoun	Scott	Chittagong &c

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday:—

Steamer Amaryllis, Lash, for Calcutta
" Gadsby, Clarke, for Venice

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Nizam, for Calcutta, &c
" King Robert, for Mostyn Deep

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessel.	From
25	Lord Kelvin	Calcutta
29	Duncra	London
29	Clan Macdonald	Coast
29	Floricm	Calcutta
30	Pentakota	Rangoon
30	Lawada	Calcutta
Oct.		
1	Palitana	Rangoon

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

4	Clan Maclachlan	Coast
5	Nairung	Calcutta
8	Clan Alpine	Liverpool
10	Nadir	Bombay
10	Neddenfels	Antwerp
11	Riojun Maru	Penang

The dates are approximate only.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCT. 3.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Castalia s—25 bales wool R Dossa and Co; 70 bales wool M Ruttonsey; 43 bales wool N Gooculdas; 28 bales wool W and A Graham and Co 900 cwt wheat sweeping H Kanji; 4 bales wool M Vully; 75 bales wool and goat hair W and A Graham and Co; 94 bales wool and goat hair H N H Essa; 100 bales cotton waste, 60 cwt buffalo pickers C Heerji and Co; 510 cwt myrabollams E Ocmarsey.

FOR GLASGOW.

Castalia s—4,000 cwt myrabollams G Madhowjee and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—2,000 cwt bone meal Croft Mody and Co; 100 cwt cashewnuts R. Jewandas.
Oriental s—214 lbs ivory A Visram,

FOR MANCHESTER.

Castalia s—6 bales twist Bradbury Brady and Co,

FOR MARSEILLES.

Drumcondra s—1,000 cwt linseed, 1,000 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.
Castalia s—55 bales cottonfly, C Heerji and Co.

FOR COPENHAGEN.

Tycho s—50 bales hemp R Reeve and Co,

FOR HULL.

Conisclitte s—1,001 cwt mothey seed Baner and Kranse.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Conisclitte s—868 cwt linseed L Drayfus and Co; 110 bales cotton, J A Begbie and Co; 101 cwts gum, F Jethabhoy.

FOR ANTWERP.

Drumcondra s—562 bales cotton, 3,214 cwts linseed 2,000 cwts rapeseed and 800 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros; 100 bales hemp and 249 bales cottonfly and waste K Visram and Co; 41 bales twist, H M Mehta and Co.

FOR MOSTYN DEEP.

King Robert s—1,000 tons manganese ore, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Devanna s—1 bales twist C Ebrahim and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Devanha s—10 bales twist C Ebrahim and Co; 7 cases opium P and O Co; 141 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 681 bales twist, M M Fasabhoy.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, *October 2.*] [BOMBAY, *October 3.*

FINANCIAL.

		Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent.	Consols ...	82 1/2	3/16	
3 do.	Rentes ...	94 1/4	un	chgd
3½ do.	Sterling Loan ...	99 1/4	un	chgd
3½ do.	Govt. Securities ...	84 9/16	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London	...	30 12/16		1/16
Do.	do. 2 months' hence	31		1/16
Do.	in New York ...	66 3/4		1/8
Exchange on London at Paris ...		25·12 1/2	un	chgd
Do.	do. do. Berlin.	20·46 1/2	1/2	
Do.	do. do. New York.	4·85 3/4	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate.		4 1/2	since	15Aug
Do.	Short London Bills, 3 months' sight	4	1/3	
Do.	Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight	4 1/4	un	chgd
Do.	3 Months' Fine Trade Bills ...	4 3/8	un	chgd
Do.	6 Months' Fine Trade Bills ...	4 3/4	un	chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...		3	un	chgd
Do. 7-day Market Loans		3 1/4	1/8	

Amount paid into the Bank of England £75,000.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) ... 1s. 3 29/32d. unchgd

Council Bills:—
At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 30,00,000—

Rs.	13,60,000	were allotted to Calcutta.
"	11,70,000	" " to Bombay.
"	4,70,000	" " to Madras.
Rs.	30,00,000	at 1s. 4d.

Average rate of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·01
Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening, including last Public Sales ... ... Rs. 30,60,000
Amount to be allotted next week... Rs. 30,00,000

COTTON.

Liverpool:—	
Spots	... Good business
Futures	... Steady
East Indian	... Quiet
Manchester	... Steady
Total Sales	... 10,000 bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export	... 1,000 "
Imports	... 4,000 "
Mid-Americans ...	... 6·64—63
Egyptian F.G.F. Brown...	... 10 1/16 unchgd

Future Delivery Prices:—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
6·05 —07	6·00 —07	5·98 —08	5·97 —08
Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.
5·98 —08	5·99 —08	5·99 —09	6·00 —08
	June-July, 6·00 —08		

New York:—

Receipts at U. S. Ports...	... 27,000 bales
Do. do. last year	... 40,000 "
Exports to Great Britain	... — "
Do. to Continent ...	... 14,000 "
Spot Cotton—11·40—20	
Futures—Month of Dec. 10·85—20	Declined owing to bearish monthly Government report and to bearish Ginners' figures.
Futures—Month of March, 11·03—20	

New Orleans—

Spot Cotton—11 1/2—1/8.	
Futures—Month of Dec. 10·90—17.	
Do do Jan. 10·94—18.	
Closing Tone of Futures—Steady.	

BUREAU REPORT.

WASHINGTON, OCTOBER 3.

Agricultural Bureau Monthly Report states that the average condition of the crop in 11 cotton states is 67·7 per cent.

GINNERS' REPORT.

The U. S. Census Bureau gives the amount of cotton ginned from the present season's crop upto 25th September as 1,430,000 Commercial Bales.

WHEAT.

Red Karachi—39 New Terms, Oct.-Nov.—London —Value Canal.
Tone of Wheat—Firm.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed:—
Tone of Rapeseed.—Firm.

Linseed:—
Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-ship 46 5/8 Oct.-Nov.
Antwerp—Buyers—Canal.
Tone of Linseed—Firm.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coffee—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality), 6½ unchgd.

Rubber:—
Para Rubber 4s. 4 1/4d. Sellers.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value	From	Vessel.	Importer.
7 Bundles Re ...	Rs. 10,000	Muscat	Kola	Comptoir National
3 Boxes Sova ...	2,25,000	Melbourne	Armand-Behic	
3 Boxes Sova ...	2,25,000	Sydney	Armand-Behic	
9 Packages Sova	38,217			
Gold Coins ...	11,188	Jeddah	Shah Allum	Sundry
Rupees	6,376			

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [3RD OCTOBER, 1907

FINANCIAL.

Money:—
The Cash Balance of the Bank of Bengal is reported to be up by Rs. 21,00,000.

Exchange:—
The market opened and closed quiet at 1s. 4d. for T. T. and 1s. 4·1-32d. for Demand; while one or two Banks were prepared to take up first class Credits Three Months' sight at 1s. 4·1d. but the general rate was quoted at 1s. 4·9-32d. The allotment of Council Bills does not tend to support rates at present. Far Eastern rates continue quiet. We quote:—

T. T. on London	1s 4d.
Demand Draft	1s. 4 1/32d.
Credits—3 months' sight ...	1s 4 1/4d. to 9-32d.
Do. 6 months' sight ...	1s 4 15/32d.
Do. 2 months' sight—France	170 1/4
Do. 3 months' sight—Marks	120 1/4
Hongkong—30 days' sight...	163
Yokohama—30 days' sight ...	150 1/4
Shanghai—30 days' sight ...	223

Government Paper:—
The market opened and closed firm at 97-1 for ready and 96-15 for Settlement. Little or no business was reported for account but enquiries were made for cash. The Calcutta rates are quoted at 97 for ready and 96-14 for forward in a month.

We quote:—

Cash	Rs. 97·1
1st Settlement	" 96·15

Bullion:—
Bar Silver in London yesterday closed a sixteenth down, the rates quoted being 30 13-16d for ready and 3d. for delivery in two months. New York is reported an eight down at 66 3/4. Local rates are weak, Ready Bars having opened at 78-7 ex-duty and fallen in course of the day to 77-14with a very unsettled market. Bar gold is steady.

We quote:—

	Rs	a.	p.
English Bar Gold	24	1	0
Australian Bar Gold	24	0	6
Bombay Bar Gold	24	0	0
English Shield Sovereigns	15	0	0
English Drazon Sovereigns	15	0	0
Silver ex Duty—Ready	77	15	0
Ditto 1st Settlement ...	77	14	0
Ditto 2nd " ...	78	3	0

COTTON.

Market Report:—
The Bureau report and Ginner's report (as above given) have been taken as "bearish" in New York and the market gave way 20 points all round. The table which we give below furnishes comparisons with the Bureau reports of previous years. As to the Ginners' figures, they compare as under with the last two years:

1907	...	...	...	1,430,000 bales
1906	...	...	...	2,044,000 "
1905	...	...	...	2,358,000 "

The following table shows the Average Condition of the American Cotton Crop for each month for which a report is issued, together with the Acreage planted (as given by the Agricultural Bureau) and the Crop (as given by Mr. Hester of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange):—

Average Condition.

Year.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	June Acreage.	Crop.
							bales.
1907	70·8	72·0	75·0	72·7	67·7	32,060,000	...
1906	84·6	83·3	82·9	77·3	71·6	28,686,000*	13 511,000
1905	77·2	77·0	74·9	72·1	71·2	26,999,000†	11,348,000
1904	83·0	82·0	81·6	84·1	78·8	31,720,000	13,566,000
1903	74·1	77·1	79·7	81·3	85·1	25,607,000	10,011,000
1902	90·1	84·7	81·9	64·0	58·3	27,978,000	10 725,000
1901	81·3	81·1	77 2	71·6	61·6	27,634,000	10,681,000
1900	82·3	78·9	76·0	68·2	67·0	25,491,000	10,383,000
1899	89·7	87·7	84·0	65·5	62·6	24,375,000	9,436,000
1898	89·0	91·2	91·2	79·3	75·4	24,967,000	11,275,000

* The revised acreage in 1906 was 32,049,000. This revision was issued only at the time that the acreage for the present year was published, i. e. in June 1907.
† July revision 1905.

The local market was unsettled during the night and early morning, and good Broach dropped to Rs. 267, but quickly recovered to Rs. 268½, and later to Rs. 269½. Bengals are very firm. Rain still holds off and the market is hardening. There are very few sellers and general nervousness prevails. We close firm as under with practically no sellers.

A moderate business was reported at Colaba in ready cotton by shippers and mills.

NEW CROP.

QUOTATIONS:—

	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach.....	281/82	March 08 nom
Good M. G. Broach ...	269/70	"
Fine " Nagpur Kampti...	241/42	Jan. 08 "
" " Damangaum-Pulgaum ...	224/25	" "
" " Khangaum-Akola	224/25	" "
" " Amraoti	225	" "
" " Mattia	212/13	" "
F.G.M.G. Khandesh ...	205	" "
Fine M. G. " ...	215	" "
" " Bengals ...	212/13	" "
" " "	197	Jan 08

Liverpool Opener:—

Opening Tone ...	...	...	Easier.
Estimated Sales ...	...	...	8,000 bales
Total Imports ...	...	...	.....

Future Delivery Prices:—

O.-N.	N.-D.	D.-J.	J.-F.	F.-M.
5·99 —03	5·94 —06	5·92 —06	5·91 —03	5·91 —06
M.-A.	A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.	
5·93 —06	5·93 —06	5·94 —06	5·94 —06	

MISCELLANEOUS.

Linseed:—
The market is firm owing the absence of rain. We quote:—

Ready...	Rs.	8 0 0	B. T.
December	"	8 9 0	R. T.
New Crop. April-May...	"	8 7 6	R. T.

Rapeseed:—
The market continues firm as under:—

Brown Cawnpore ...	Rs.	9 10 0	B. T.
Yellow Guzerat... ...	"	10 10 0	
Brown Cawnpore ...	"	8 14 6	R. T.

Gingellyseed:—
There are no sellers and prices are firmer. We quote:—

Bold White 85 p. c. ...	Rs.	58 8 0	Dec.-Jan.
" " 75 p. c. ...	"	57 8 0	"
Black Kutni ...	"	48 8 0	"

Poppyseed:— Rs. 11 12 0
Tone—Steady.

Castorseed:— Rs. 38 8 0
Tone—Steady.

Cottonseed:— Rs. 23 0 0
Tone—Steady.

MOWRASEED:— Rs. 5 10 0 R. T.
Tone—Quiet.

Wheat:—
The market continues very firm owing to want of rain. We quote:—

White Delhi ...	Rs.	5 14 0	R. T.
New White Delhi. Apr.-May.	"	5 11 0	R. T.

THE SHARE MARKET.

Banks:—	
Bombay	1370
India	63 1/2
Indian Specie Bank	48 1/2
Mills:—	
Century	1,675
David	420
Empress	420
Howard and Bullough	570
Kohinoor...	740
Manockji Petit	3,220
Textile	1,160
Presses:—	
Breul's Cawnpore	195
Hingoli	135
New Mofussil	630
Volkart's United...	1,100
Miscellaneous:—	
Alcock Asbdown and Co,... ...	330
Badham Pile and Co, ...	139
Bombay Flour Mill	950
Bombay Steam Nav. Pref. ...	280
Central India Mining	540
Colaba Land and Mill	1,045
Delhi Flour Mill	157
Marcks and Co	135
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate.	56
Telephone Co.	39 1/2
Treacher and Co	562 1/2
Railways:—	
Ahmedabad-Prantej	567 1/2
Amritsar-Patti	110
Tapti-Valley	485

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m, yesterday:—

Cotton	1,009	bales.
Wheat	37,049	cwts.
Linseed	1,505	"
Rapeseed...	1,629	"
Gingellyseed	888	"
Poppyseed	118	"
Groundnuts	Nil	"
Castorseed	7,016	"
Rice	1,215	"
Myrabollams	286	"
Cottonseed	2,576	"
Mowrasced	13,271	"
Gram	2,127	"
Joowar	433	"
Maize	Nil	

KARACHI FREIGHT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, OCTOBER 3.

The market remains quiet with a distinct tendency to weaker rates. Shippers show no desire to take up tonnage and are prepared to take the risk of the freight market. The autumn crops are reported to be badly in need of rain.

Engagements include Ellerman lines, Liverpool, ready, 250 tons seeds, 15s.; London, October, 1,167 stons, 16s.; Liverpool, November, 500 tons seed, 15s. 6d.

Wilson Line steamer Alecto, Hull, 1,300 tons at 16s.; Hull (December), 500 tons at 16s. and 650 tons at 15s. 6d. The steamer Knight of Garter ready, Antwerp, 1,500 tons at 14s.; Antwerp (October), 250 tons at 16s.

The congestion of the port is now relieved, but merchants complain that the railway is much behind hand with carriage of goods to the seaboard owing to the shortage of wagons. The demand for foodstuffs up-country has diverted much rolling stock from the export business to internal trade.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES which must be authenticated by the name and address of the senders, is Re. 1 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

HARRIS—October 3, at Cama Hospital, Bombay, Mary Ann Sophia Harris, beloved wife of Mr. R. A. Harris, Elephanta Caves, Gharapuri. Deeply regretted by her sorrowing husband, brother and sisters.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

DIXIE—September 25, at Jubbulpore, C. P., the wife of John Dixie, of a daughter.
FANSHAWE September 27, at Poona, the wife of Lieutenant L. A. Fanshawe, R. A., of a daughter.
GRIFFITH—September 25, at Dalhousie, the wife of Major Griffith, 32nd Lancers, of a daughter.
HAYWOOD—September 6, at Lansdowne, the wife of W. G. Haywood, Military Works Services, of a daughter.
ROBSON—Septen ber 26, at Ajmer, to Dr. and Mrs. Robson (Rajputana Mission), a son.

MARRIAGE.

AINSLIE—MALLANDAINE—July 27, at Calcutta, Claude, John, youngest son of the late Aymer Ainslie of Hall Garth, nr. Carnforth, to Mildred, daughter of A. Mallandaine of Bombay.

DEATH.

LUCY—September 24, at St. Catharine's Hospital, Cawnpore, Violet Mabel Lucy, second daughter of Edward and Fanny Jones, of Hamirpur Road, aged 26.

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TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 30 m. Sun sets, 6h. 26m. High water 9·49m., 9·48a. Low water, 2·57m., 3·47a.
P. and O. steamer Peninsular, with English mails of 20th ult. due to arrive at 6 a.m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Oct. 7th, New Moon, 3h. 56·6m. p.m.; Oct. 14th, First Quarter, 3h. 32·0m. p.m.; Oct. 21st. Full Moon, 2h. 49·5m. p m.; Oct., 29th, Last Quarter, 7h 21·5m. p.m.; Oct., 14th, in Perigee, 7·9h. p. m.; Oct., 28th, in Apogee, 2·7h. p.m.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Saturday, October 5.—Globe Manufacturing Company, Remington Buildings, Apollo Street, 3 p.m, B. L. H., Annual Corps dinner, Gymkhana Pavilion, 8-30 p. m. Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Annual Athletic Sports, 2-30 p. m. Prize Distribution, 6 p. m. Sun rises, 6h. 30m.; Sun sets, 6h. 25m. High water, 10-15m., 10-25a.; Low water, 3-39m., 4-11a.
Sunday, October 6.—19th Sunday after Trinity. Sun rises, 6h. 30m. Sun sets, 7h. 24m. High water, 10-42m., 11-1a. Low water, 4-17m., 4-47a.
Monday, October 7.—Municipal Corporation, 3-39 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 30m. Sun sets, 6h. 23m. High water, 11-11m. 11-36a. Low water, 4-58m. 5-17a.
Tuesday, October 8.—Bombay Y. M. C. A. Glee Club, Concert, 9-15 p. m. Sun rises, 6h. 30m. Sun sets, 6h. 23m. High water, 11-42m., Low water, 5-28m. 5-48a.
Wednesday, October 9.—Municipal Standing Committee, 4-9 p. m. Gymkhana Mud Sports, 5-30 p. m. Sun rises, 6h. 31m.; Sun sets, 6h. 22m.; High water, 0-12 m., 0-15a.; Low water, 6-3m., 6-20a.
Thursday, October 10.—Municipal Corporation, 3-39 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 31m. Sun sets, 6h. 21m. High water, 0-50m., 0.50a. Low water, 6-30m., 6-53a.

SIR MANGALDAS NATHUBHAI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during September was 1,007, of whom 718 were males and 289 females.

SANTA CRUZ RESIDENTS ASSOCIATION'S DISPENSARY.—During September, the number of patients treated in this dispensary was 162; consisting of 49 men 19 women and 94 children. The daily average attendance was 6 to 12.

A DANGEROUS HOUSE.—A house situated on Duncan Road and owned by one Runchhor Kheema was found to be in a dangerous condition. A portion of the north wall of the building collapsed yesterday evening. The tenants vacated the house.

STRIKE IN A MILL.—About two hundred boys, employed in the ring-frame department of the Alliance Cotton Mills struck work on Tuesday, in consequence of some dispute about their wages. They however returned to work the following day.

MISSING PARSEE FAMILY TRAGED.—The missing Parsee family referred to in our yesterday's issue has at last been traced to Ahmedabad. Bai Meherbai with her three children, instead of leaving the Express train at Surat, proceeded to Ahmedabad. The B. B. & C. I. Railway Police had telegraphed to all the Stations on their line to trace the whereabouts of the family, and a telegram from Ahmedabad relieved the anxiety of Bai Meherbais' relatives and friends.

MUSIC AT THE TAJ MAHAL.—The following programme of music will be played at the Taj Mahal hotel, under the direction of Mr. J. F. Saldanha, from 8-15 to 10-15 p. m. to-day:—

March.....	Kaiser Wilhelm ..... Jancovins
Overture	Le Diademe ..... Hermann
Valse.....	Auf Glatten Flaten ..... Komzak
Polka	Jagerlatin ..... Komzak
Selection	The Toreador ..... Caryll
Pizzicato Gavotte ...	Herz au Herz ..... Lat un
Valse	Wiener Blut ..... Strauss
Two-Step	Mumbtin Moss ..... Thurban

SENT TO WORKHOUSE.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday one George Law, an inmate of the Government Workhouse, appeared before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, and stated that he was to join an appointment from next month, but as in the meanwhile, his wife and a ten years old daughter were unprovided for, they might also be sent to the workhouse. The Magistrate ordered a change sheet to be made out, and sent both the mother and daughter to the Female Workhouse at Umerorry.

A MUNICIPAL PROSECUTION.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Mr. T. Rodrigues, Veterinary Inspector at the Arthur Crawford Markets, charged Abdul Razak Munshi, a servant in the employ of the Commissariat Meat Contractor, with selling 80lbs. of beef at the market without a licence from the Municipal Commissioner. Mr. Rodrigues stated that on the 30th September he examined the meat exposed for sale by the accused and found it measly and full of cysts The accused was fined Rs. 25.

ALLEGED SWINDLING.—At the Mazagon Police Court, Bombay, before Mr. F. H. Dastur, Annapa Ram Kanath, a Madrasi, was charged with the theft of a watch, clothes and other articles, the property of Narsing Luxmon. The evidence showed that in July last the accused went to the complainants and asked them to give him shelter stating that he was a graduate of the Madras University and was employed at the General Post Office Bombay. Believing his story to be true they allowed him to live with them. A few days later he stole the property in question and absconded from Bombay. He was again seen were last week and arrested. The Magistrate sentenced him to three months rigorous imprisonment.

ASSAULT BY A GOAN.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Butterfield charged Sebastian Mantar, a Goanese, with causing hurt to one Fernandes, also a Goanese. The evidence showed that the accused bore complainant a grudge, as one of his boarders had left him and gone to live with complainant. On Tuesday morning the accused went into complainant's house at Dhobitalao, knocked the complainant down and kicked him. He then took out some sharp instrument and struck him with it on the head. On complainant's wife remonstrating with the accused, he also struck her and her child. The accused denied the truth of the complaint. The Magistrate convicted and sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE HEDJAZ RAILWAY FUND.

Miss Gouher Jan's Concert.

To aid the Hedjaz Railway Fund Miss Gouher Jan was invited by a Committee of several Hindus and Mahomedans to give a concert in the Town Hall on Wednesday night.

The Songstress was not at her best but her usual sweetness of note and the metallic voice were there. Professor K. V. Chatre being pleased with her music and with a charitable view gave Rs. 100 to Miss Gouher Jan to add to the amount of the sale proceeds of the tickets that night, which was to be given away for the benefit of the Hedjaz Railway funds.

Miss Gouher Jan, in thanking Professor Chatre alluded to the hand-bills distributed broadcast by some Mahomedans headed by one of their Kazis, disuading Mahomedans from attending the concert, alleging that Miss Gouher Jan's concert should not be one of the sources for aiding the "religious" Railway funds. But Miss Gouher Jan averred that when Hindus and Parsees had contributed to the funds and gave their support, she, being a Mahomedan, had a better claim to aid that Railway. She had expected to at least get together Rs. 10,000 for the benefit of the Railway Fund, but she was sorely disappointed that even a third of that amount could not be realised that evening. She attributed this to several Mahomedans not attending the concert in consequence of that hand-bill, but she would refer her audience to the letter from Consul Mahomed Emin Bey, Turkish Consul-General in Bombay, who had accorded his patronage to the function that night and had written to Mr. Kazi Ismail Kazi Mahomed that on account of malarial fever he could not attend, but that Vice-Consul Sabri Bey had been deputed that evening to preside at the gathering.

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NOTICE.

LETTERS, PARCELS and TELEGRAMS for HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, Mrs. MUIR MACKENZIE, Captain L. J. COMYN, A. D. C., which cannot be delivered at GOVERNMENT HOUSE, GANESHKHIND, by 8 a. m., on 5th October, 1907, should be ADDRESSED "BOMBAY GOVERNOR'S CAMP" without the addition of any Post Town, until 7th October, 1907, when they should be addressed to GOVERNMENT HOUSE, MAHABLESHWAR.

P. R. CADELL,
Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.
Dated Ganeshkhind, 1st October, 1907.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed BOX 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

FRIDAY, OCT. 4, 1907.

THE PARLIAMENTARY MOUNTEBANK.

THE Home papers are needlessly perturbed over the prancings of Mr. Keir-Hardie in India. One journal is anxious that the Labour Party should disavow responsibility for his utterances; another suggests that Mr. Morley should treat Mr. Hardie as he has treated certain Indian agitators; a third declares that "this mischief-making demagogue should be plainly told that his presence in India is undesirable, while the *Times* declaims against his criminal ignorance and recklessness, and thinks that the only excuse which can be urged for him is that, perhaps, he does not himself realise the nature of the mischief he is doing. If the Government of India really believe Mr. Hardie a danger to the State it is the simplest thing in the world to deport him. But his critics are forgetful of one important point—the potency of caste in India. The disorderly element in this country is not composed of the lower classes. The most refractory of all are generally regarded as the Brahmins. And although Mr. Hardie can write the mystic letters "M. P." after his name, the higher castes in India regard him only as a white cooly. They are aware that although he has been described as a man of strong fibre, mental as well as physical, and as resolute and tenacious as they make them,—that he is but a labourer, a pitman, who worked underground for almost half his life and never had the benefit of education even at a village school. To the minds of people in the West it is to his credit that he has lifted himself socially and, possibly, intellectually above the bulk of his fellows—even if it be but as the result of audacity that he has come to the front among them. His friends look up to him, and his associates in Parliament make a show of tolerating him. But in the East he is still a labourer, a miner, a low caste. They also know that his politics have been described as impossible. Indian agitators are amused by him. They know he is incapable of fulfilling half the promises that he has made to them and that the opinions he has formed—or jumped at—are as unsound as his utterances are noisy. And they would smile approvingly when he exclaimed that the Indian ryot is at least as intelligent as the British agricultural labourer. He might also have added as the British Labour representative, without much exaggeration and without maligning very many of them. But his constituents will not be pleased. High-caste Hindus and Mahomedan gentlemen have taken the measure of Mr. Keir-Hardie as accurately as the Liberal leaders at Home, and we do not anticipate that any but over-zealous schoolboys will be misled by anything he chooses to say or do.

We wonder what the labourers who sent him to Parliament will have to say of his declaration that Swadeshi goods are superior to those manufactured at home. The statement will be regarded as rank heresy. No doubt he was endeavouring to be polite to the kindly people who showed him round schools and cultivators' and artisans' quarters and gathered together little groups of villagers that he might converse with them—through an interpreter. It was suggested that probably the interpreter fell short of perfection in his work, but Mr. Hardie says no, Government interpreters are not above reproach, but his was infallible—a remarkable fact, for Mr. Hardie's idiosyncracies of pronunciation frequently puzzle Englishmen; that they caused no perplexity to the average Babu interpreter is simply marvellous. Mr. Hardie conversed with villagers and with ryots though the medium of this extraordinarily gifted individual, and ascertained their views on politics and popular representation—views of men whose intelligence equals that of the British agricultural labourer, and miner, and of men who doubtless laughed heartily as soon as his back was turned, and asked each other "What kind of Sahib is this?" He demanded positive facts, such as judicial pronouncements which would throw light on the unrest in Eastern Bengal, and enquired if the disturbances had their origin in the boycott of English goods. He might just as well have carried the enquiry further and endeavoured to ascertain from his auditors why the sea is boiling hot and whether pigs have wings. The Mymensing jail incident has perhaps caused more interest in England than Mr. Hardie's expressions of opinion. He had the opportunity of seeing the jail in company with the Superintendent, but he declined it unless he might be accompanied by a retinue of his oddly chosen friends—a privilege the Lieutenant-Governor would not have asked. A travelling member of Parliament, even a gentleman, is not entitled to any more consideration than any other individual in this country. He receives as much, perhaps more, for the simple reason that he belongs to the old country; and Mr. Hardie, though one of "other castes," would have received as great courtesy as a Cabinet Minister or a Peer of the realm had he remembered that he was here as a private individual and not the representative of a Royal Commission or a Special Committee of Investigation.

The Calcutta interview with Mr. Hardie would be amusing, but for the painful spectacle of one of the ruling race playing the mountebank in the midst of the representatives of the press of a great and important city like Calcutta. It seems incredible that any sane man, professing the capacity for understanding the difference between truth and untruth and desiring to be credited with intelligent judgment, should confess that he had compared the condition in Eastern Bengal to that of Armenia during the time of the atrocities by the Turks. Either Mr. Hardie was suffering from a temporary inability to distinguish between white and black, was incorrectly reported or was, as the *Times* puts it, guilty of criminal ignorance and recklessness. In the same breath he asserted that the disaffection had been grossly exaggerated, by which, taking the two statements together, we suppose he means that men, women and children were ruthlessly slaughtered in their homes by brutal soldiers and constabulary to make a Government holiday. Whatever he may have meant or intended to imply matters not. He intends to convene a Conference of Members of the House of Commons who are interested in India and many of whom have been out here as officials or visitors. "I hope that the Conference will decide on some definite action, and I shall try, when the time arrives, to suggest a subject for the Indian Budget debate, to name something for discussion. Of course, what the recommendation of the Conference will be I have no idea." Of course not, but if the Conference is as representative and as intelligent as it ought to be, it will recommend Mr. Hardie to "stick to his last" as every cobbler should. Fortunately there are humorists among the Calcutta interviewers and when Mr. Hardie told them he intended to advocate the grant of as much autonomy for India as is possessed by Australia and Canada, one of the gentlemen of the sharp-pointed pencil naively enquired: "But surely you would not give them this franchise at once?" "No, certainly not" replied the would-be reformer, "a beginning must be made, but it must be a gradual beginning; the people must be educated." "That is a work of time?"—"Certainly." "Of years, perhaps hundreds of years—" "Very likely, but I believe in the suffrage. We have a movement in Britain for giving the suffrage to women,"—a piece of information, we presume, Mr. Hardie imagined had not yet reached India. In his peregrinations Mr. Hardie has made many discoveries. One of these, probably the most striking, is that the people of this country are "all one people; there is no real difference between peoples, races and castes,"—all miners and pitmen, we suppose, each using the pick and the shovel in his own peculiar way. And another discovery is noteworthy: In the course of his tour, with two exceptions he found the officials uniformly courteous and willing to give information. He tested every piece of information he received and found that official statements do not stand the test. What revelations he will have for his friends when he meets them! How he will get back his own from those who have dubbed him firebrand, mischief-maker, demagogue, atrocity and so forth! We hope he may not be incarcerated, deported, or even nailed by the ear to the pump. He is affording us much amusement in a terribly dull time, in a season which, to any but a phenomenally energetic man, is unsuitable for anything but the mildest excitement.

THE 'ELEPHANT' SEASON.

THE present is what is somewhat quaintly called by the natives of this country the season of the elephant. It marks the close of the monsoon and lasts for about a fortnight. About this Elephant season, Ovington, a famous traveller who came to Surat and Bombay more than two hundred years ago in 1690, has the following: "The mussouns (monsoons) are rude and boisterous in their departure, as well as at their coming in, which two seasons are called the Elephant in India, and just before their breaking up take their farewell for the most part in very rugged, huffing weather, as if they were constrained to force their entrance and combat the fair seasons, before they could make way for their admittance; and were likewise resolved to try their utmost effort sooner than tamely resign their empire and quit the coast. For Nature must needs be under great conflicts and disorder, by such a sudden change from uninterrupted sunshine to constant rains." Ovington is mistaken in this highly interesting passage in saying that both the commencement and the breaking up of the monsoon are called the season of the Elephant, because as a matter of fact only the latter is so-called. Why it is called by this strange name has been a stumbling block to many travellers, who assign fictitious reasons for it. Captain Sympson, who says he came here at the beginning of the eighteenth century, while committing the same mistake as Ovington about there being two seasons of this name, goes further astray about the reason. He says: "The beginning and end of the monsoons are always very boisterous and, from that violence, are called in India the Elephant seasons." What the Elephant has to do with violence is not very clear, for that sagacious animal cannot be taken by any means as a type of violence, it being on the contrary very docile, except when in rare cases it gets what is called 'musth'. Only Fryer comes near the mark. Writing in 1673 when coming from Ceylon, he says: "Coming from the south-west we have the tail of the Elephant full in our mouths: a constellation, by the Portugalls called *Rabo der Elephante*, known for the breaking up of the monsoon which is the last this season makes, generally concluding with September, which goes out with dismal storms."

The Elephant is really a constellation, or rather a part of the constellation Virgo, through which the sun passes during the last fortnight of the monsoon. The sun passes through one sign of the Zodiac every month. But besides these twelve solar signs or constellations, the Hindus have divided the Zodiac into twenty-seven lunar signs, called Nakhshetras, in order to mark the stations which the moon makes in her monthly course round the earth. The moon therefore changes one Nakhshetra every day. But the sun changes each of these Nakhshetras in about thirteen or fourteen days. One of these lunar signs or Nakhshetras is called by the Hindus *hasta*, which in Sanskrit means elephant, from a fancied resemblance of the stars in this group to this huge animal. These stars do not represent the elephant in the skies, any more than the seven well-known stars which we call the Great Bear represent that animal in any way. What Fryer means by saying that "we had the tail of the Elephant full in our mouths" is that the constellation of the Elephant was on the horizon before sunrise, right in front of his ship coming from the south-west. This season of the Elephant commenced on Friday last and will be over on Thursday the 10th of October; the sun being in this sign during these days. This season is generally very stormy, as Ovington noted long ago, the monsoon at both its ends being usually accompanied by tempestous weather. The people of this country believe that, when the monsoon sets in quietly in May or June without much thunder and lightning, it will turn out a good monsoon with plenty of rain. But when it is heralded by much fanfare of thunder, they have misgivings as to its proving satisfactory in the end. Hence they have a proverb in their languages to the effect that "as the monsoon has thundered in the beginning, so it will not bring plenty of rain in the end." They consider storms very good during the present season at the end of the monsoon, and usually look out for some such at this time of the year, as rain is always needed to bring to maturity the crops which would otherwise wither, as they do just now. We have had a very good monsoon so far, but it must go a little further and give us at least a few more inches of rain during this week and the next; otherwise the outlook would be dismal. But for the last ten or twelve years we have had very insufficient rain during this season of the Elephant; and without such rain at the close of the monsoon the crops have generally failed in past years.

KING LEOPOLD AND THE CONGO.

IT would be necessary to go very far back in history to find a parallel to the case of King Leopold in his latest attitude as regards the Congo. The latest development is a decree, dated July 21st, but issued less than a month ago, announcing the constitution, within four months, of a "Company" with power to exploit the "Crown domain of the Congo" for an indefinite period. The statutes of the Company show that the concession is for an unlimited period, and the persons to whom it is given have the right to transfer their property to third parties. We may note as a curious coincidence that this revelation follows by a few days the announcement in a Brussells financial paper, of the foundation of a new Congo enterprise with a large capital, whose Chairman is no less a person than the ex-Premier M. de Smet de Naeyer. The area given to the Company, "La Domaine de la Comonne," is the very tract of land which has seen the worst atrocities which have been proved to be of daily occurrence in the Congo. It includes the basin of Lake Leopold II and, covering an area ten times the size of Belgium, comprises the richest rubber-producing region in the whole territory. It was not known till 1902 that this area was given any special treatment, and even then, when Mr. E. D. Morel made his exposures, they were not believed. To-day his reports are accepted on all sides and have been the direct cause of the Powers endeavouring to bring pressure to bear on Belgium. Whether the attempt would have been successful it is hard to say, for the bursts of righteous indignation which were heard from time to time never seemed to lead on to action. Possibly, however, they were more effective than would seem, for though King Leopold's "Company" is a direct insult to his own Parliament and to all the Powers of Europe, it relieves him for the present of an awkward situation. When the scandals were at their height it was proved that the Lake Leopold II region was worked by a special staff; that the revenues derived from it were managed by three persons—one, the King's aide-de-camp, another an official of the Court; the third, one of the Congo secretaries—that they were not accounted for in any way whatsoever; and that they were not paid into the Treasury but were expended on public works in Belgium and in the promotion of "art and letters"! On the top of this came the revelations of Consul Casement and of Arthur Scrivener as to the manner in which these secret revenues were obtained, showing that, bad as the state of affairs might be in other parts of the Congo, for sheer cruelty the proceedings in the Crown domain eclipsed all others. It may be noted that the first two of the three officials named above are administrators of the new "Company." Nine months ago affairs seemed to be approaching a crisis and some pronouncement was necessary; and a Royal Manifesto was issued, in which it was stated that the revenues from these territories were spent solely and wholly upon "furthering scientific, humanitarian, and artistic works." Moreover, it was added that these revenues if maintained after annexation, in the same wise hands—and presumably with the same reticence as to the publishing of a balance sheet,—would suffice to make the Congo self-supporting. M. Hymans and others declared, however, that such an institution would be "impossible under the Belgian flag." In the Manifesto we were told that failing the continuance of the arrangement the Belgian taxpayer would have to put his hand in his pocket if the Congo were taken over. Presumably, therefore, King Leopold, under the many aliases under which he has constituted himself into a Company, will continue to bear a "heavy loss." It is high time for the Powers to take final steps in regard to the Congo.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. *Marmora*, with the homeward Mails of the 28th ultimo, arrived at Aden at 9-30 A.M. on Wednesday, the 2nd instant.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. *Persia*, with the outward Mails of the 27th ultimo, left Suez at 3 a.m. on Thursday, the 3rd instant.

YESTERDAY'S "Bombay Government Gazette" contained the draft of the New Civil Procedure Bill.

THE marriage arranged between Arthur J. W. Kitchin, I. C. S., of the Punjab Commission, and Mildred, daughter of the Rev. Canon Murray, of Stonehaven, Sidcup, Kent, will take place at St. Mary Abbot's, Kensington, on Thursday, the 31st October.

A *Ceylon Observer* special London telegram says: The engagement is announced of H. E. the Hon. Mr. W. E. Davidson, Governor of the Seychelles, and late of the Ceylon Civil Service, to Margaret Agnes, daughter of the late General the Hon. Sir P. R. B. Feilding. The wedding takes place on October 21st.

DR. PETER FRAZER, Medical Officer of Health for Carnarvonshire, has surrendered his lucrative position, which is worth over £700 a year, in order to become a Missionary in India. Dr. Frazer says that at the recent Keswick Convention he received a specific "call" to give up everything for the sake of Missionary service. He intends to join the Methodist Mission in the Khassia Hills.

DURING the week ending 1st October 1,327½ chests of opium were removed from the Warehouse in Bombay. Of these, 1,271 were shipped to China and 1 to Zanzibar. 36 were purchased for the Bombay Government, 12 by the Farmer at Ahmedabad, 2 by the Farmer at Nasik, 1 by the Farmer at Poona, 2 by the Farmer at Cambay, ½ by the Farmer at Rajkote and 2 by the Farmer at Bhavnagar. During the week 914½ chests were imported from Indore.

A ROMANTIC search for treasure and specie, valued at nearly a million sterling, is about to be made by a private London Syndicate, which proposes to salve the fleet sunk in the battle of Navarino. A concession from the Greek Government has been obtained by the Syndicate. For eighty years the ships of the Turko-Egyptian fleet sunk by the allied naval forces of England, France, and Russia have lain undisturbed at the bottom of the Bay, but now a determined attempt is to be made to recoat them. The greater part of this fortune was carried upon the flagships, and as two large vessels, believed to be the ships of the Turkish and Egyptian Admirals, have been located, the prospects for the recovery of the treasure are regarded as hopeful.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

THE LONG SLEEVE AGAIN.

October Marriages.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 13.

To-day all London is talking about the wonderful gowns worn in "Sins of Society," which had its premiere at Drury Lane last night.

I have before now pointed out to what an extent the stage is the disseminator of new fashions in dress, but although we have become quite used to see the new season's fashions illustrated in the lovely gowns worn by our leading actresses, the dresses worn in "Sins of Society" aroused quite a sensation. For not only had the principal ladies been toiletted by one of the dress artists of Europe, but the number of dresses worn was quite extraordinary.

Miss Constance Collier as the bridge-playing heroine—"Sins of Society" as you know is a diatribe against the present gambling propensities of our society girls and smart women—has no fewer than nine entire changes of costume. Miss Fanny Brough had as many, and Miss Adrienne Augarde had an amazing number of changes, while even the chorus girls had been dressed by a West-End firm much patronised by Queen Alexendra and other members of the Royal family. "The Sins of Society" is, in fact, to any woman with eyes to see and a mind to carry away the cut of a sleeve or the blend of carefully selected colours, a liberal education in the art of dress according to the code of Autumn, 1907.

THE LONG SLEEVE AGAIN.

That sleeves for outdoor wear are to be long, so long as to almost cover the back of the hand with a mitten effect, is one very apparent fact. The pretty short sleeve, however, remains in favour for house gowns. Cross-over and draped effects are to be cultivated and skirts must take upon themselves a long and graceful line. Trimmings must be devised with a view to accentuate height. In the matter of colour, brown and purple divide the honours.

Redfern is responsible for the toiletting of Miss Constance Collier. Two tussore gowns particularly appealed to me. A China blue tussore was made with a long coat, the fronts very much pointed, and the whole of the revers trimmed with fine pipings in what is called in the work room "macaroni" work. The hat worn with this was a capeline in pale blue straw lifted right off the face in the new fashion and trimmed with a long brown tulle veil which hung to the waist. Aigrettes of pink roses trimmed it. The other tussore gown was in apricot tussore and coarse old lace. The skirt was trimmed with the "macaroni" work, which is to be quite a feature of the new modes, and the sleeves were of the long mitten order almost covering the hand. The cream crinoline hat worn off the face was wreathed with velvet ivy in glorious autumnal shades, and a yellow paradise gave the final touch of elegance.

One of Miss Collier's evening gowns was of the fashionable purple, a handsome princess creation of violet satin cut perfectly plain. A white evening gown was, however, to my thinking, infinitely more pleasing. It was of ivory white meteor so rich and heavy that it hung like satin. It was simply fashioned in the princess style, but the trimming of silk and silver in a lattice work design was so arranged as to produce the effect of a little jacket coat finished with very long tails. At the foot of the meteor draperies was a band of silver tissue.

RAGE FOR DYED LACE.

Dyed lace is to be the rage, so I am told, for evening wear. It is the thing to have the lace dyed to the exact shade of the material. One of Miss Collier's prettiest gowns, a fascinating robe of cerise ninon, was encrusted with dyed filet lace, and an overcoat of guipure dyed to the same brilliant cherry shade was worn over it. Miss Fanny Brough wears a dainty mauve chiffon gown, the palest possible mauve, trimmed with dyed filet lace and big medallions of dyed guipure, and another of her frocks is a golden brown tussore trimmed with soft satin and dyed lace. Ball fringe is, by the way, again to be used as a trimming for dresses. Many of the dresses in "Sins of Society" are decorated in this way. A pale blue cloth tailor-made worn by Miss Augarde is trimmed with this fringe, and has a smart little cross-over vest of chine velvet.

That the hat must be lined with a contrasting colour is the latest millinery note. Miss Collier has a glorious hat of drawn black tulle lined with geranium satin. The brim is bound with black taffetas, and four black ostrich feathers sweep on to the shoulders behind. A mauve hat lined with black taffetas is another phase of the same mode. This is worn by Miss Fanny Brough and is trimmed with drooping wistaria and big black choux. I noticed Miss Edna May, who was present with her millionaire husband at the Repetition Generale, wearing one of these hats. It was a black crinoline lined with turquoise blue taffetas and plumed with black feathers.

THE ST. LEGER.

As I mentioned last week, the King on his return from Marienbad left town almost immediately for Rufford Abbey, where he was staying with Lord and Lady Savile for the Doncaster races. Unlike Ascot, Doncaster has been favoured with splendid weather. There was not a cloud in the sky on the St. Leger day, and it was not surprising that the change from the damp cold summer should have made the meeting the most successful ever held.

The King, who looks as if his holiday had done him a lot of good, arrived on the course shortly after noon on Wednesday, the St. Leger day. He spent most of his time in the Royal Box, and did not move about so much as he usually does at race meetings. The guests who had been invited to Rufford Abbey to meet His Majesty included Lord Crewe, Lady Sarah Wilson, Mrs. George Keppel, Sir Edwin and Lady Egerton and Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Harcourt. By the way, speaking of Mr. Harcourt reminds me that after successfully controlling the destiny of the English Land Bill, he is reported to be thinking out fresh schemes for the comfort of his fellow-members at Westminster and thus earning further claims to be regarded as the most popular man in the House.

To return to the St. Leger. Long before the racing began the ladies' stands and the lawns had all the appearance of being full up. In addition to Lord and Lady Savile's party, the notabilities present included Lord Wenlock, Lord Stanley, the Earl of Harwood, and the Duchess of Beaufort. After leaving Rufford Abbey, King Edward will stay with Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Sassoon until the 23rd, when he will leave for Balmoral.

A PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

Everyone knows that the price of diamonds has steadily gone up during the last ten years. The rate of increase, however, is not always realised, and the woman who has the contents of her jewel case valued to-day will probably be very pleasantly surprised, that is if she numbers many diamonds among her treasures. The other day I chanced to be in the Regent-Street shop of a leading West-End jeweller when a lady entered. The setting of a fine diamond Marquise ring which she was wearing required some trifling attention.

"These are very good stones, Madam," observed the jeweller as he examined the ring. "What is the ring worth?" asked the lady. "Between £60 and £70," she was told. "Why, I bought it here, and only ten years ago paid you twenty-five guineas for it," was the surprised exclamation.

It is of course within the last ten years that the increase has taken place. The poorer stones have increased their value by from one-third to a half, while the price of gems of the first water has doubled itself. Moreover, should the rumoured working arrangement between DeBeers and the Premier Mines come to anything, the price of diamonds is likely to still further increase. "Safer than consols" was the emphatic verdict of one of the largest diamond buyers in London, when asked his opinion of diamonds as an investment. The circular cut diamond, by the way, carries all before it to-day, and many women who own large square-cut Brazilian diamonds have conformed to the popular fashion and had their stones re-cut in the popular way. Much waste attends it, but the effect is incomparably the best. White diamonds and pearls—the latter through the failure of natural sources—have gone up in price; the tendency has been for the ruby to decline, for the making of artificial rubies has been attended with extraordinary success.

A CHARM FOR MOTORISTS.

The favourite present for an enthusiastic motorist is a charm to protect him or her against the dangers of the road. Numbers of little silver medals bearing the effigy of St. Christopher have suddenly appeared in the shops. St. Christopher is, of course, the Saint to whom the Roman Catholic prays to keep him safe on his journeys.

The St. Christopher medals are set in the form of brooches, pendants and even hat pins for the motor-lag woman, while the male motorist may wear a scarf pin or a set of St. Christopher waistcoat buttons. Another idea is to have one of the medals inset in a cigarette case or a match box. These has been quite a run over the little medals and, as everyone motors now-a-days—if only in autocab,—the St. Christopher medals will make a welcome addition to the number of possible birthday presents.

OCTOBER BRIDES.

October is to be quite a gay time in town owing to the number of smart weddings that will take place. The marriages of Lord Alistair Innes-Ker to Miss Anne Breese will be the matrimonial event of the autumn season. Miss Breese is an American and like her sister who married Lord Willoughby D'Eresby a couple of years ago, is a remarkably pretty girl. The Dowager-Duchess of Roxburghe and hosts of other well known people are coming up specially to town for the wedding, which takes place at St. George's, Hanover Square on the 10th of October. Four days earlier at the same place Lord Dartmouth's daughter, Lady Dorothy Legge, one of the handsomest girls in Society will be married. Another October wedding will be that of Lord Leconfield's brother, the Hon. Edward Wyndham to Miss Gladys Farquhar. Miss Jean Leckie, who is to marry Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, will be a September bride. The ceremony takes place next week at Blackheath and there will be a notable gathering of literary luminaries present to see the creator of Sherlock Holmes married. Sir Arthur was popularly supposed to be a confirmed bachelor.

QUETTA NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

QUETTA, SEPTEMBER 30.

During the last fortnight, Quetta has been full of gaiety. The extra day's horse racing on September 23rd was followed in the evening by the Baluchistan Volunteers Club's Concert and a Comedietta "A stormy morn Under the roof of a Happy Pair," the *dramatis personæ* being Mrs. Inward as "Mrs. Honeyton" and Mr. Brennar as "Mr. Honeyton." The piece was well acted and kept the audience amused from start to finish. The programme of the Concert was as follows:—

OVERTURE—Mrs. Dumolo.

1 Song	...	...The Lighthouse keeper	...Mr. Bone
2 Song	...	...Remember	...Miss Smith
3 Song	...	...The Sun am shining? why don't you go,— ...	Mr. Scott
4 Song	...	Once (with violin obligato)	Mrs. Graham
5 Violin Solo		..."Raff's Cavatina."	Mr. Graham
6 Song	...	...My Nightingale.	Mrs. Paul
7 Song	...	...Fou th Nos ...	Mr. Taylor
8 Plantation Song		...For away ober dere	Mrs. Paul, Mrs. Graham, Major Anscomb, Mr. [illegible]

The singing was excellent, the plantation song "Far away ober dere" sung by Mrs. Paul, Mrs. Graham, Major Anscomb and Mr. Birch being successful and calling forth tremendous applause. The rest of the programme was well carried out, and did great credit to all whose names appeared on it. The same evening at the Club Theatre there was a second performance of the Q. A. D. C.'s "The Country Mouse." The play was acted as splendidly as on the first occasion and the Q. A. D. C. have never been seen to greater advantage than in this happily chosen piece.

A united meeting and Social of the lodges in Quetta of the "I. O. G. T." Grand Lodge of India was held in their lodge room on September 22nd for the purpose of bidding farewell to the brethren leaving Quetta. After an eloquent address by Bro. Matthews on the Curse of Drink, and some enjoyable singing, the meeting terminated with the hymn "God be with you till we meet again" which was sung most heartily. On September 26th the Quetta Horse and Cattle Fair closed with the customary parade of prize winners, chiefly horses, and the presentation by the Honourable the Agent to the Governor-General, of prizes in money and certificates to owners and breeders. The Agricultural and Siri Exhibitions terminates at the same time. On the stalls of the former there were fine fruit and vegetable products, some prize specimens of which could not have been beaten in any other part of the world. The Siri Exhibition was very interesting and some beautiful creamy white raw silk, reeled from Caucasian cocoons, was displayed with the raw yellow silk reeled from French cocoons in Peshin, showing the success with which silk-worm breeding can be carried on in Baluchistan.

A Waziri sepoy belonging to the 124th Baluchistan Regiment, who was on sentry duty over the camp of the General Officer Commanding, deserted on the night of September 4th at Gulistan in the Peshin sub-division of the Quetta District. The deserter took with him his rifle and ammunition.

Most of the troops in garrison have gone into camp for training under the direction of General Smith Dorrien and will probably be out, for a fortnight.

The weather now is simply charming, and the whole day can be spent in out-door exercise with the greatest benefit to health. The air is as bracing as at Simla after the rains, and where the natural streams run, the water is as clear a crystal.

WANTED ENTERPRISE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—That Bombay sadly lacks places of amusement and recreation is a sorrowful and commonplace observation. This has not however, been attempted to be brought home to the inherent disadvantages of the situation of our city. "Put your shoulder to the wheel" is a saying which can bear infinite repetition without losing its force, as it is a veritable law of nature. Whilst thousands of people are yearly travelling up to seaside resorts much less favourably situated that Bombay, for the express purpose of availing themselves of not merely the sea breeze but the sea water, we might well consider the facilities afforded by this, one of the finest harbours in the world, this "sea-home" for sea-baths. When you have enumerated the Back Bay Swimming Bath and the Victoria Swimming Bath, you might rack your brains in vain for a third place where people with the badge of, and the restrictions upon, "respectability" might avail themselves of the refreshing sea water by a dip or a swim. The two places named do not allow the least opportunity for a plunge into the open sea. In this sad state of affairs, due solely to an unnatural horror of finding half-naked people on the fine beach? Whilst so much has been written in the papers about the latter "abomination", has anyone cared to recognize the evil of the want of places to strip the body and to dress up in, at points conveniently distant from the railway stations? Surely, good and evil are mixed up in every human institution. It is certain that no respectable person would expose himself half-naked to the public gaze. Such is his gospel. The howl against the promenading of such figures there was only directed against disreputable people. However, respectable persons who, up to now, with all their ardour had not an opportunity of bathing in the full sea just because of their desire to avoid publicity of their undressed persons, have been allowed without disturbance, to bite their lips and wait *nolens volens* till the niggardly Municipality or the Improvement Trust wakes up or some charitably disposed or enterprising citizen takes it into his head to provide rooms on the foreshore where they can put off their raiments. A small charge of a quarter-rupee per dip like that made at the Back Bay Swimming Bath, would, it appears, amply repay anyone undertaking to obtain permission of the authorities and erecting small sheds at convenient place at the expense of three to four thousand rupees. We might wait till next Doomsday expecting our public bodies to supply this crying need. Can there not be found some daring business man, with the laudable view of

WATERWAYS IN AMERICA.

THE PANAMA CANAL.

Astonishing Progress.

THE NAVAL VISIT TO THE PACIFIC.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, OCTOBER 2.

President Roosevelt, speaking at St Louis, appealed for support in building up a great fighting Navy. So long as the Navy was no larger than at present, he said, the bulk of the battle-fleet must always be kept together.

The Pacific voyage, he said, was essential to acquaint the officers and men with Naval needs and practice.

The waters to which the Fleet was going were as emphatically American home waters as those of New York, Louisana and Texas.

President Roosevelt concluded with a vigorous asseveration of the nation's insistence on Federal control of the railways. He urged the improvement of the Mississippi waterways. Though he foresaw that it would not be easy to secure the country's assent to the policy he hoped to see adopted, the scheme was properly a national one and was necessary in order to enable full advantage to be taken of the opening of the Panama Canal. He detailed the astonishing progress of the Canal and said the actual digging would be finished in five or six years, but the problems connected with the great dam and locks made it hazardous to predict the time of its opening.

SIR GEORGE CLARKE.

Starts for Bombay.

LONDON, OCTOBER 3.

Sir George Clarke has started for Bombay. Mr. Morley, Lord Lamington, Sir M. Bhownagree and other prominent personages were at the station.

Lady Clarke follows latter.

THE KAISER AND KAISERIN.

Visit to the Netherlands Proposed.

LONDON, OCTOBER 2.

The Kaiser and Kaiserin will visit Queen Wilhelmina at the close of their visit to England.

THE AUSTRIAN EMPEROR.

Slight Indisposition.

LONDON, OCTOBER 2.

The Emperor Francis Joseph is suffering from hoarseness, and audiences have been suspended.

His Majesty is going to Schoenbrunn for a rest, but will attend to current business.

THREATENED LOCK-OUT OF BOILER-MAKERS.

Men Confirm their Executive.

LONDON, OCTOBER 2.

The ballot of the boiler-makers has resulted in a majority supporting the agreement between their executive and the employers. This will probably avert the threatened lock-out.

THE TRANSVAAL ASIATIC ORDINANCE.

Emphatic Boycott of Registration.

LONDON, OCTOBER 3.

A telegram from Johannesburg states that out of 13,000 Asiatics in the Transvaal less than 200 have registered under the new Ordinance.

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.

Response to Lord Curzon's Appeal.

PRESSING NEEDS.

LONDON, OCTOBER 3.

In connection with the appeal on behalf of Oxford University for a fund of £250,000, Lord Curzon states that £56,700, has been subscribed.

Summarizing the more pressing needs of the University, Lord Curzon suggests professorships of the French, German, Romance, and Japanese languages, and the establishment of new chemical, scientific and engineering departments.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC.

Rearrangement of Shipping:

FASTER STEAMERS REQUIRED.

LONDON, OCTOBER 3.

A meeting of the Canadian-Pacific at Montreal, authorized the transference of the Atlantic steamers to the Pacific, and the building of faster boats for the Atlantic service.

ANTI-SOCIALIST CAMPAIGN.

Appeal by Lord Balfour of Burleigh.

LONDON, OCTOBER 3.

Lord Balfour of Burleigh, in a letter to the Press, appeals to all parties to help the new British Constitution Association to fight against Socialism.

LORD BRAMPTON ILL.

LONDON, OCTOBER 3.

Lord Brampton is dangerously ill.

MR. KEIR-HARDIE'S TOUR.

Disowned by his Party.

"CRIMINAL IGNORANCE AND RECKLESSNESS."

SOME HARD CRITICISMS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, OCTOBER 2.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* says: "Mr. Keir Hardie may not realise that he is brandishing a torch, but the danger must be instantly ended."

The *Evening Standard* says "India should be freed from this atrocity."

The *Globe* says: "The electors of the United Kingdom should mark their disapproval of such outrageous conduct."

The *Westminster Gazette* says: "Mr. Keir Hardie is ill fitted to advise Indians. Could there be any more ridiculous contention than to pretend that since self-government is suited to Canada it must suit India?"

The *Star* is silent.

LONDON, OCTOBER 3.

The headquarters of the Independent Labour Party, informs the *Daily News* that the views on the Indian situation ascribed to Mr. Keir Hardie are not those of the Party, and thinks some mistake, has occurred.

Sir Lepel Griffin, in an interview, said such a firebrand should be deported.

STILL TALKING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 3.

Mr. Keir-Hardie yesterday after his return to Calcutta from Eastern Bengal, interviewed representatives of all the four "Anglo-Indian" newspapers of Calcutta. Among other things he denounced the deportation, not because the victims were innocent, but because no man should be punished without being tried and found guilty. "Catch your man, try him and if he is guilty, punish him." Mr. Keir-Hardie remains in Calcutta for four days, then goes on to Benares and spends some time in the United Provinces and hopes to visit Lahore and even Simla.

LATER.

Mr. Keir Hardie's engagement list for the next few days leaves him very little time to himself. To-day he visited the Bengal Technical Institution just after noon and at two o'clock held a private conference with several representatives of the Jute trade. He was also to have met the members of the British Indian Association at four, but this engagement had to be postponed. To-morrow Mr. Hardie is due to visit the Bethune College at noon, and at 3 o'clock he will go to the Presidency College, afterwards addressing students. On Saturday he meets a Social Reform and Temperance deputation in the morning and the British Indian Association in the afternoon.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

COTTON FACTORY STRIKE.

Two Thousand Girls Attack Coats Mill.

LONDON, OCTOBER 3.

Two thousand girl strikers in Clark's thread mills at Paisley attacked and severely illtreated the girls working in Coats Mill at Fergushe.

The fire hose was turned on them but failed to disperse them. The constabulary were reinforced and were pelted with missiles.

Coats have locked out their Fergushe hands, giving full pay until they are secured against intimidation.

Twelve thousand hands are idle.

MR. GUPTA, THE NEW INDIAN COUNCILLOR.

Starts for India.

LONDON, OCTOBER 3

Mr. Gupta has started for Bombay and expects to take his seat on the India Council in February.

MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL.

Arrives at Malta en Route to Africa.

LONDON, OCTOBER 3

Mr. Winston Churchill has arrived at Malta.

ENGAGEMENT OF MISS VANDERBILT.

LONDON, OCTOBER 3.

The engagement of Miss Gladys Vanderbilt, daughter of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt to the Hungarian Count Laszlo Szeczhenyi is announced.

A SWADESHI BANK FOR BENGAL.

Capital Fifty Lakhs.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 3.

A Swadeshi Bank is to be started in Calcutta under the style and title of the Bengal National Bank. Its capital is to be 50 lakhs in 50,000 shares of Rs. 100 each, but only Rs. 25 per share is to be called at present. Its directors are all well known Indians including Mr. R. N. Mookerjee of Messrs. Martin and Co.

FORT WILLIAM GARRISON.

Rumour of Reduction Denied.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 3.

In reply to the enquiry made on the 17th September the Committee of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce received yesterday from the Government of India a telegram stating that the rumoured reduction of the garrison at Fort William is incorrect.

ANTI-OPIUM CAMPAIGN IN CHINA.

Contracting Indian Supply.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCTOBER 3.

In view of the gradual reduction which is being made in the supplying of Indian opium for consumption in China, the Bengal Government will not make many appointments to the Provincial Opium Service next year and the usual examination in consequence will not be held next February. It is understood to be proposed to begin contracting the area under opium with Behar, the Patna Factory to continue but the Patna Agency to be eventually abolished.

SIR G. ARBUTHNOT'S PROSECUTION.

Conviction not to be Disturbed.

FURTHER CHARGES WITHDRAWN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, OCTOBER, 3.

Sir George Arbuthnot was brought up this morning before a Special Criminal Session, to meet the further charges preferred against him. Before the proceedings were commenced Mr. Napiers on behalf of the prisoner, made the following statement:—

Before these further charges are proceeded with I should like to be allowed to make a statement to your Lordship. It is this. Your Lordship may remember that at the conclusion of the last trial your Lordship asked the Public Prosecutor what course he proposed to take. He stated on Friday that in consequence of what he had heard in regard to the further steps that might be taken by Mr. Norton elsewhere, he proposed to go on with the further charges. I now tell your Lordship that the prisoner has definitely abandoned every intention of taking any further steps either in this Court or anywhere else. In view of that definite statement which I make on instructions, and which I hope will be accepted as coming from me as Counsel. I ask my learned friend if he is prepared to take any course other than what he had indicated.

Mr. Powell, the Public Prosecutor, said:—"The Crown having taken upon itself the prosecution of this case I am in a position to say to the Court that a conviction having been obtained on one charge the ends of justice have been satisfied. I for myself am perfectly satisfied with the verdict of the Jury. It is a unanimous verdict of a Jury composed of countrymen of the accused. Its entirety, my Lord, if I know the people of this country, and I think I do, I venture to say that that verdict will remain a lasting memorial and an imperishable monument of the impartiality of justice administered in these Courts. My Lord, justire has been vindicated, but justice is not vindictive. I cannot forget that the unhappy subject of this prosecution, though he was led into criminal acts by financial difficulties, at one time he was honoured of his Sovereign and that as commanded the respect and possessed the confidence of his fellow citizens of this Presidency to a marvellous degree. My learned friend has expressed his intention to take no further steps to disturb the verdict already given. It has made it easier for me to adopt the course I now propose to take. My friend will understand when I ask Your Lordship to adjourn the case to November Sessions when I will formally withdraw the charges with your Lordship's permission and so close a sad and pitiful chapter in this Presidency.

Mr. Napier said:—"Will your Lordship permit me to make an appeal to my learned friend to take the step which he has pointed out to close the sad and pitiful chapter and ask him if he cannot take that step now. I can understand what is in my learned friend's mind, but I think if he will but consider for a moment, he would see that it is impossible for the prisoner in this case to do what perhaps he thinks would have a serious effect on the administration of justice, namely to go on with an appeal or with any proceedings either here or in any other Court. My Lord, my learned friend has spoken of the prisoner as he knew him and as we all knew him before this melancholy circumstance. I think I am not saying too much when I say that it is inconceivable that the prisoner should take such a course as my learned friend fears. But I have other considerations which I ask my learned friend to give way to; for your Lordship is aware that there are several criminal charges framed against the prisoner in the Insolvency Court. I need hardly say that if anything is done such as my learned friend appears to fear, it would undoubtedly intensify the opposition of the creditors in the proceedings in that Court. That is another reason why I ask him if he will not consent to take the step now. There is a third reason, that is if any attempt is made to do such a thing after the assurance given by Counsel in this Court, it is unnecessary to say that this prisoner will not certainly receive assistance of Counsel who had been appearing for him in the insolvency proceedings or in these proceedings or from any Solicitor or Barrister in this Court. In view of these circumstances I would ask my learned friend if he is not in a position to close this melancholy and miserable chapter here on the spot."

Discussion followed on the procedure to be adopted and the Advocate-General was consulted. He entered a *Noli prosequi* and applied for the discharge of the prisoner on charges then before the Court.

The Chief Justice granted the discharge.

P. W. D. APPOINTMENTS.

Rules for Selection of Assistant Engineers.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCTOBER 3.

Lieut-Colonel S. L. Craster, R. E., officiates as Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, in the Central Section of the North Western Railway, in addition to his other duties.

Mr. G. E. Lillie, Executive Engineer, from leave, is posted for employment as Superintendent, Kalka-Simla Railway.

Mr. B. F. Taylor, temporary Engineer under covenant, Military Works Services, in transferred to the Public Works Department and posted to Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Mr. A. C. Evans, Executive Engineer, United Provinces, is permitted to retire.

Mr. W. B. Gwyther is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer and Secretary, Public Works Department, Eastern Bengal and Assam vice Mr. W. Macdonald granted furlough.

SIMLA, OCTOBER 3.

Regulations as to the appointment of Assistant Engineers in the Indian Public Works Departments in 1908 are published.

Not less than 39 appointments will be made by the Secretary of State acting with the advice of a Selection Committee including at least one eminent representative of the Engineering profession.

Candidates must be between the ages of 21 and 24 years on July 1st, 1908, and must have passed the A. M. Inst. C. E. Examination or obtained a University degree which can be accepted as approximately equivalent thereto. Accepted candidates will enter the service as Assistant Engineers, third grade, on a salary of Rs. 4,200 a year. Application forms have to be submitted to the India Office before the 1st May, 1908.

"AT HOME" AT GANESHKIND.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCTOBER 3.

His Excellency the Governor was "At Home" at Ganeshkhind this evening, and it was the last social function at Government House this season. The afternoon was pleasantly spent in tennis, badminton, croquet and golf, while H. E. the Governor's Band played some delightful music.

His Excellency's guests included as many members of Poona society, representing all communities, as are in the station, and all met with a hearty reception. The extensive and beautiful gardens at Ganeshkhind were full of animation, and everybody had abundant facilities for spending a few happy hours. If India is a "Land O' Regrets," Ganeshkhind stands out in bold relief in that respect when the curtain falls on the Poona season.

TRAIN ROBBERIES IN INDIA.

Preventive Measures.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 3.

The alarm felt by the public over all the railways of India in consequence of train robberies and murders and the strange doings of people prowling along foot boards has naturally put managements on their mettle. The first to move are the Eastern Bengal State Railway who announce that electric alarm bells will be fitted in two or three days to all the first and second class carriages on night trains.

AGRICULTURAL PROSPECTS IN THE UNITED PROVINCES.

Rice Crop Failure.

PREPARATIONS FOR COMING SCARCITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, OCTOBER 3.

At a meeting of the Talukdars, the Sub-Divisional Officers and Tehsildars held at Barabanki yesterday to consider the agricultural outlook, the conclusions arrived at were that the rice crop is a failure all over the Barabanki District, but that there still remains a chance for the winter crops if rain falls within the next fortnight. It was arranged to advance takavi to cultivators for seed and well sinking. Suspension of Government revenue were also discussed. It was mentioned that Government had arranged to supply fodder and pressed hay from Government forest to cultivators at ten annas per maund. This will be of great service. Mr. Sherring, the Deputy Commissioner at Barabanki is working very hard to cope with the difficult situation, as is also in the Lucknow District, Mr. S. H. Butler, the Deputy Commissioner, who with the Sub-Divisional Officers and Tehsildars has gone into camp to make the necessary arrangements to give effect to the policy laid down by Sir John Hewett to cope with the situation. This policy is vigorous and liberal and is giving general satisfaction.

Acting upon the now well recognised principle that the best means of preventing famine is to adopt a liberal policy from the moment that scarcity threatens, the Government of India are already making arrangements for large advances to the cultivators in the threatened area. The present failure principally affects the United Provinces and a grant of fifty lakhs of rupees has been sanctioned for taccavi advances there. It is impossible as yet to say how widespread or intense is likely to be the distress, for rain at any time this month would enormously ameliorate the situation, and all eyes are consequently turned to the indications which now exist of the disturbed weather in the Bay of Bengal, for should this develop and penetrate into Upper India it would secure the spring harvest. Failing it distress will be far more extensive and prolonged. The region seriously affected includes South-East Punjab Northern Rajputana and part of Central India.

THE SHORTAGE OF RAILWAY WAGGONS.

Fresh Scheme of Private Supply.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD OCTOBER 3.

The *Pioneer* understands that there are, practical objections raised to the scheme of having a private Railway Waggon Company for supplying the different railway systems in India or at least for supplementing the supply. An alternative has been suggested allowing collieries and any other concerns which require to use a large amount of Railway vehicles to provide waggons leasing them to the Railway Companies with which they have to deal. This proposal avoids the objections refered to and accordingly has reached the stage or discussion (as regards the terms on which such private companies should supply their own wagons) between the Commerce and Industry Department and some of the Railway Officials now attending the Railway Conference at Simla.

The question is by no means simple, for both in England and the United States private supply system has been tried extensively and has been found to give rise to almost as many fresh difficulties in these directions as obviated in those. However the proposals for the trial on a limited scale in India will shorty be placed before the Home Boards of certain Railways. If these agree to the experiment being tried arrangements will be made and full information regarding the conditions published.

WEEKLY PLAGUE MORTALITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCTOBER 3.

9,515 plague deaths are to-day reported for the week ending the 28th September. Of these 7,116 were in the Bombay Presidency, 810 in the Central Provinces and Berar, and 587 in the Mysore State.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

BOMBAY.—ARRIVAL, October 3.—Buist, Major, 29th Lancers, on leave from Sirur.

DEPARTURE, October 2.—Robertson, Major, R. E., on leave to New Zealand.

BOMBAY BRIGADE ORDERS,

BOMBAY, OCTOBER 4.

A Special Medical Board, presided over by the Principal Medical Officer, Bombay Brigade, will assemble at the Station Hospital, Colaba, at 9-30 a.m. on Friday, the 4th instant, to examine and report on the state of health of Captain H. E. J. Batty, I. M. S., and such others as may be brought before it

SECRETARY TO P. M. O., INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA OCTOBER 3.

Major H. F. Cleveland, I. M. S. has been appointed Secretary to the Principal Medical Officer to His Majesty's Forces in India in succession to Lieut. Colonel W. H. W. Elliot D. S. O., M. B., I. M. S., on the expiry of the latter's tenure of appointment.

R. A. M. C PAY.

Increase Sanctioned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCTOBER 3.

The following revised rates of pay of senior Royal Army Medical Corps Officers serving in India have been sanctioned by the Right Hon'ble, the Secretary of State for India:—

(1) Majors after 20 years' total service if promoted to that rank before the date of the new Royal Warrant and if considered qualified to draw the same rate of pay as Lieutenant-Colonels viz., Rs. 1,150 per mensem or Rs. 900 if in receipt of Staff salary.

(2) Lieut.-Colonels promoted to that rank on or after the date of the new Royal Warrant after 3 years' service as such to draw the same rate of pay as Lieut.-Colonels specially selected for increased pay viz., Rs. 1,250 per mensem or Rs. 1,000 if in receipt of Staff salary.

CALCUTTA GHARRIWALLAS' STRIKE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 3.

Yesterday the ticca gharri drivers refused to apply for the registration of their carriages because, under the new rules, the drivers were acquired to produce three *chapkans* or coats.

LATER.

The Calcutta ticca ghariwallas struck in a body to-day over the question of each driver coming up for registration with three coats or chaplans. Mr. Leys, Hackney Carriage Superintendent, was hit with a big brick on the head. It is expected, however, that the men will return to-morrow, a compromise having been effected by the drivers producing two chapkans on the day of registration and keeping six months hence.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

THE ANGLO-RUSSIAN AGREEMENT.

Reducing India's Army.

(FROM AUSTRALIAN PAPERS.)

COLOMBO, OCTOBER 3.

London, September 17.—In view of the provisions of the Anglo-Russian Agreement anent Afghanistan, the Government are considering the possibility of transferring a Brigade of Infantry from India to Home.

Harmless Torpedoes.

The French chemist Turpin who discovered melenite has offered to reveal to the Hague Conference a method for rendering harmless at will torpedoes and sunken mines.

International Balloon Racing.

Twenty-nine balloons left Brussels yesterday on the International Long Distance race. The German balloon travelled a thousand kilometres and was first, The Swiss and British were bracketed second.

The Fastest Destroyer.

33·9 KNOTS DURING TRIALS.

The destroyer built by the Krupp Shipbuilding Works at Kiel for the German navy attained a speed of 33·9 knots per hour. It is believed to be the fastest destroyer afloat.

Another Channel Swim Fails.

Wolf attempted to swim the Channel yesterday and failed within two miles of France. The sea was rough.

Suicide of a Family.

A man named Litvay recently defrauded a hospital in Hungary of which he was the director. Litvay's two adult daughters, his son and the latter's wife felt disgraced by the fraud and hanged themselves.

Turbines for American Navy.

An order has been given to construct five turbines for the American Navy of at a cost of three million dollars.

The Fergusson Memorial.

Fifteen hundred pounds have been subscribed at Ayr for a memorial to the late Sir James Fergusson. It is proposed to create a benevolent fund associated with his name. The Earl of Eglinton and the Duke of Portland have each subscribed one hundred pounds. It is hoped that Bombay, South Australia and New Zealand will assist the movement.

Russia in the Far East.

Russia intends fortifying Vladivostock on a colossal scale, and is creating a port at Nikolaievsk on the mainland opposite the north-end of Sakhalien Island. She is also constructing huge Barracks at Khabarovsk, an inland town on the Amur river, midway between Vladivostock and Nikolaievsk. These works are estimated to cost three and a half million pounds.

The St. Peterrburg "Bourse Gazette" states that during the Russian manœuvres near Vladivostock Japanese officers of the General Staff were arrested for having maps and plans of the Vladivostock defences in their possession. It adds that the Japanese Government has demanded the immediate release of the officers.

Hindus in Vancouver.

Nine hundred Hindus landed in Vancouver. They are said to have six thousand pounds with them.

"Lusitania's" Sister Launched.

The turbine ship "Mauretania," thirty-three thousand tons, sister ship of the *Lusitania* which was launched at Wallsend recently for the Cunard Company completed her builder's preliminary tests at sea yesterday. She is completely satisfactory.

Two More "Dreadnoughts."

The construction of the fifth battleship of the *Dreadnought* type will be commenced immediately at Portsmouth. Her displacement is twenty thousand tons, and she carries eight 13·5 guns.

The failure of the Hague Peace Conference to arrive at any definite understanding regarding the limitation of armament's is said to be the reason for the Admiralty's sanctioning a sixth ship of a similar size. She will be constructed at Devonport simultaneously.

The Trunk Murder.

GOOLD'S FINAL CONFESSION.

At the continued trial at Monte Carlo of the would-be Baronet, Sir Vere Goold (brother of Sir Stephen Goold, Bart., of Western Australia), and his wife, on the charge of murdering a rich Swedish lady named Madame Levin, the male prisoner stated that his wife held Madame Levin's wrists while he stabbed his victim. His wife then stripped the body of its money and jewels. After the tragedy Mrs. Goold denied any part in the murder, but admitted that she brought her victim liquor, and drank with her, and afterwards helped to cut up the body and pack the pieces in a trunk.

[It was on the night of Sunday, August 7th, in the Villa Menesini, at Monte Calro, that a ghastly murder was committed. Mme. Emma Levin, a widow, entered the house at five o'clock in the afternoon. It was her mutilated body that left it concealed in a trunk.

The story of the crime presents many curious byways and baffling contradictions. The murdered woman was a Swede, of about thirty-seven years of age. She was of great personal beauty, and wore magnificent jewels. She was wearing most of these jewels on the Sunday when she left the Hotel Bristol to visit Mr. and Mrs. Goold, who lived in the Villa Menesini. Mr. Goold claimed to be Sir Vere Goold. It is now known that he is the brother of a baronet still living. Mme. Levin made the acquaintance of the Goolds at the Casino.

Whatever happened at the villa on that Sunday night it is certain that Mme. Levin was murdered there. A servant girl states that she heard sounds if a struggle and a voice cried out "Let me alone." But the next step in the drama was the arrest of Mr. and Mrs. Goold at Marseilles on Tuesday. They had arrived with luggage from Monte Carlo that morning, and had left a large trunk at the station with instructions to despatch it to London. They themselves drove to an hotel, where they used the name of Mr. and Mrs. Javanach. A porter noticed that blood was oozing from the trunk, and he drew the attention of the police to the fact. Mr. and Mrs. Goold were then brought bact to the station, and the trunk was opened in their presence. It contained the butchered body of Mme. Levin.

The head and parts of the legs were missing. They were found in a small portmanteau which Mr. Goold was holding. The woman had several wounds on the head, and she had been stabbed several times in the chest. Mr. and Mrs. Goold were then arrested.

The Goolds' account of the tragedy admits the mutilations, but denies all responsibility for the murder. Mrs. Goold declares that when Mme. Levin visited her house a man rushed in with a knife in his hand and killed her. He shouted, "You wretch! You have ruined me. Now I am going to kill you." Mr. Goold states that the woman was killed by a man during the absence of himself and his wife, and that they decided to cut the body in pieces and put them in a trunk in order to avoid a scandal. An examination of the villa revealed that the walls of the dining-room were splashed with blood. Two saws, a chopper, a knife, and a dagger were also discovered.

Mme. Levin, it is said, had lent the Goolds money. A search of her rooms at the Hotel Bristol resulted in the finding of a card, bearing the name of Goold, on which Mme. Levin had written, "I await repayment of money borrowed. Send it by telegraph. I need it."

Another character in the story is the niece of the Goolds—Mlle. Isabelle Girodin. She was away from home on the Sunday when the crime was committed. When she returned home she saw the blood on the walls and floor, and was told that her uncle had had a hæmorrhage.]

MR. MORLEY AND THE BENGALEE INTERVIEWER.

A Curious Conversation.

THE London correspondent of the *Bengalee* writes from Dieppe under date September 13th:—

I mentioned to you, when I wrote last week, that, according to a local journal, a Mr. and Mrs. Morley were staying at one of the big hotels in this resort of intellect and fashion. I expressed a doubt as to whether it was our Mr. Morley or another Mr. Morley, but, in view of the fact that the Secretary of State for India is known to be lying concealed somewhere on the Continent, I expressed my willingness to find out the truth, as soon as I had leisure, or, to be more honest, as soon as I had overcome a passing fit of laziness. My task is now accomplished. I have not only discovered Mr. Morley, but have had a talk with him. Let the following bear witness.

It was on a September afternoon, radiant with sunshine, it was in fact on the afternoon of yesterday, that I stood outside the portals of the Grand Hotel. Four weary hours had I kept my vigil in the sunshine, and yet the porter—a willing recipient of my gratitude in the form of coin—had shown no symptom of the promised signal. Five o'clock struck, and I was almost beginning to despair, when I perceived that the porter was slowly putting out his tongue and winking,—such being the sign arranged between us. From the door of the hotel there issued, happily alone, a lean figure of a man, sharpfeatured, bent, clean-shaven, an elderly man clearly, but with the major portion of his countenance concealed by motor-goggles. I hesitated for a second, but it was no time for hesitation. The presence of Sir Henry Cotton in Dieppe was amply sufficient to account for the disguise. Another signal from the porter and I knew that I was face to face with Mr. Morley. Cautiously, and, as I flatter myself, with some of the stealth of a Red Indian, I followed my victim along the sea-front. Soon I had dogged him to a sheltered seat, where he established himself in a position of repose. It was the affair of a moment to stroll up unconcernedly, and to seat myself beside him.

My heart was throbbing like a motorcar, but I preserved an appearance of composure. For a few moments, I sat silent, then drew out from my case a cigarette, and lit it. Very slightly I turned my head in the direction of the stranger.

"Mr. Morley?" I hazarded. "I think that I am not mistaken." The man gave a sort of start. "Undoubtedly my name is, Morley," he said gruffly, "I see no reason to be ashamed of it. Have you any objection to it?"

"Permit me to introduce myself"—I said with what conciliatory accent I could muster. "My name is..." And here I mentioned my name, which if it were known to your readers, would probably astonish some of them. "I would add you will respect my confidence that I am also the London correspondent of the "Bengalee."

"Indeed," was the somewhat disconcerting answer. I was, however, glad to be assured that he was making no attempt to remove himself from my vicinity. At least he suffered me. I hazarded a remark about the weather. He answered with a monosyllabic and looked at me strangely through his glasses.

"What do you want?" he said at last abruptly.

I was beginning to feel annoyed, but I took my courage in both hands.

"Mr. Morley," I said, "you will not be aggrieved if I ask you a few questions."

Once more he stared at me, then chuckled to himself in grating fashion.

"So long as you do not require me to answer you, you may ask me what you like. You newspaper fellows have the devil's own impudence. But I warn you beforehand that you will get little change out of me."

For answer, I placed a hand upon his knee, and disregarding the fact that he drew back hastily, "Mr. Morley," I said, "you may rest assured that I will say nothing likely to cause you embarrassment or to give pain. Although we may not see eye to eye on every question, I yield to no man in my respect for your sterling qualities of head and heart."

"I'm deuced glad to hear it," said he, staring harder at me. "You amure me, Sir. I declare that you amuse me."

I felt that I was making headway. "Since you took over the India Office—I began."

"Since I did what?" said he, putting one hand to his ear in a manner characteristic of the late Mr. Gladstone. Then he gave vent to another of his irritating chuckles. "Pray go on," he said, "I promise you my whole attention."

"Let me put you a hypothetical case." I ventured boldly. "Let us suppose for the sake of argument, that I and not you had been appointed Secretary of State for India. What would have been my first step in that capacity." I paused for the sake of effect.

"Well," he grunted.

"I should have begun," said I, "by undoing the Partition of Bengal. I should have given Bengal a Governor and Council, and sent out as Governor a man of Liberal principles and sympathies, and yet a cautious man, such a man in fact as Sir George Sydenham Clarke is popularly supposed—I know not with what truth—to be in England."

He sat up more alertly. "I have heard that there is a Council at the India Office," he said, "which has to be considered in these matters."

I smiled at his way of putting it. "There have been a number of vacancies in the India Council," I observed, "since the present Government came into power. I should have had difficulties at first, but I should have filled up each vacancy as it occurred with a man of my own way of thinking, not necessarily a Civilian, or even a soldier."

"And then," he interjected, "I presume that there would have been no unrest."

"I do not say that," I answered. A certain unrest is inevitable in the existing condition of the Indian Government. But at least I should have been working to the best of my ability with the people, not against them."

"The new reforms which have been inaugurated," he said suddenly and as glibly as if he had been inditing a *Times* leader, "may not have been received with satisfaction by the Extremist party in India, but by the vast bulk of the people and especially by the Mahomedan community, whose loyalty is one of the most satisfactory features of the situation, they have been, so I am advised, heralded as the opening of a new era in the history of Indian administration. No statesman, worthy of the name, would be found willing to truckle to the noisy section of the population. India is in no sense a nation, but a vast conglomeration—" He stopped short. Then with a deprecatory wave of the hand,—"I am interrupting you," he said.

I had been scribbling down his words surreptitiously in a note-book and he had doubtless noticed me. I veered on to another attack.

"Believe me," I said, "when I repeat that I appreciate your difficulties. A Secretary of State for India is not his own master. To show you that I am not ignorant of the fact, I would hazard a guess that you are being seriously embarrassed at present by the Indian Government."

"Indeed. And how so?" he queried.

I played a trump card, watching his attitude the while.

"You are anxious," I said, "to release Ajit Singh and Lajpat Rai. The Indian Government retaliates by further arrests, thus rendering it impossible for you to carry out your intention."

To my disgust, the man scarcely moved a muscle. But his hand was quivering, and the fact was something.

I tried an even bolder game.

"The Anglo-Indian members in the House of Commons," I began; but paused. Mr. Morley was yawning. He half rose up as if to leave me.

"Can you say anything as to your intentions for the future," I asked desperately. "As a Liberal statesman, you can hardly be content to continue in your present attitude."

"You are quite correct in assuming that it is not my intention to remain longer in my present attitude." He spoke snappishly. "In short I have the honour to wish you a good morning." He rose with a jerk, and with a curious kind of stumbling gait; flapping his hands before him as he went, stumbled off in the direction of his hotel.

I confess that his act was unexpected. But one resource was left me. I rushed after him.

"Mr. Morley," I cried, "Mr. Morley, just one moment. Is there absolutely no statement you can give me? About this matter of the *Daily Mail* for instance? Just a word as to your relations with Mr. Cotes I should be satisfied if it were but a single sentence."

He turned upon the threshold and looked back at me.

"You are making a very big mistake," he said, "and I have nothing more to say to you. As to the *Daily Mail*—well, I am sure of one thing. You would never earn a living as a correspondent of that journal. And with this parting-shot he left me.

Such was beginning and the end of my talk with Mr. Morley. When I come to read over the interview I am dissatisfied. Indeed, at once into a vague sense of uneasiness possesses me. What did the man mean by that last remark of his? Can it be that I had been deceived, that this Mr. Morley was not my Mr. Morley; that I had been interviewing some facetious individual who was indeed named Morley, but who was not the Secretary of State for India? I reflect still with some discomfort that I never saw his countenance. Confound those motor-goggles. And yet! It was certainly a Mr. Morley. If it was not my Mr. Morley—it was "my Mr. Morley's double. It was precious little change I got from him. And I have often heard it said that Mr. Morley is a difficult man from the point of view of the Reporter.

Well, I cannot guarantee my authenticity. I have done all that does become your representative, but accidents will happen! The question still puzzles me. Was it Mr. Morley?

CURRENT TOPICS.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

[BY A FREE LANCE.]

CALLING.

The other day I was looking through a silver bowl full of calling cards. They formed the accumulation of a cold weather and food for study. I gathered quite a lot of things about calling cards that I did not know before, but about one or two things there is obviously no hard and fast rule. Married couples have their joint names printed or lithographed on a big card, and in addition the husband puts in quite a small card with his name on it. It is apparently quite correct for men to write their names on blank cards, though it must be admitted the practice is not so neat. I could not gather what the correct custom is when you are calling on a married couple, and also on their daughter or on a lady staying with them. Some add cards for each extra person called on, others turn down the corner of one of the usual number. I always thought the former practice was correct. Another novelty, to me at least, was the card of a young married couple, and attached to it by white ribbon a very diminutive card with the name of their recently born child on it. This struck me as rather pretty. But it is more what is put upon cards that is interesting than the way it is put. One young man, for example, had on his card John Smith, Liverpool and Boston: these were not the names, of course. Then another described himself as of the Middle Temple, London. Of course we have all heard of Mr. Barnes of New York, but it is surely a trifle presumptuous to give as one's addresses two of the world's principal cities. Some young men think it important to mention on their cards that they are members of the Yacht Club or the Gymkhana. Others endeavour to obtain recognition by affixing the names of London Clubs. It is a noticeable fact that a very large proportion of the Civil Service seems to belong to the East Indian United Services Club. As far as this part of a visiting card goes, it seems to me that all that is necessary is to give the address where you may be called upon and where letters will find you. But the most amusing features of visiting cards are those charming people who like to call themselves Mr. and Mrs. John Smith, or Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Jones Brown. I was quite surprised to find what a large number of these there are. Of course it doesn't do any one any harm, but it is rather absurd, is it not? Also there are a large number of men who are apparently very pleased with their Christian names, as they have them printed in full. One wonders whether it is done with the object of inviting the ladies upon whom they call to designate them as Charlie at an early stage of their acquaintance. It rather savours of that.

THE PIERROTS.

The principal event last week was the Pierrot performances in the Gaiety Theatre. These were very good indeed, and I doubt if any chorus was ever better drilled in action or remembered its action better. There was unfortunately rather a lack of vocal talent, and a voice like Mr. Marsden's, whose singing last year was one of the features of the evening, would have been much appreciated. Mr. Croft and Mr. Marsh were both good, though I have heard them better. The latter suffers from the restraint that attaches to the character of Pierrot and is to a certain extent hampered thereby. There was perhaps rather too much hand for the volume of vocal sound. Mr. Croft's dance after his song, "She's not a bit like the other gals," was quite the feature of the evening. It seems a pity that there was not more dancing. I was rather disappointed with the melodrama. It suffered terribly from the fact that more than half the audience took it quite seriously, which was partly due to the players not burlesquing their parts enough. It is said to be the work of a local author; if so, it is surprising that it should be so altogether devoid of local topical allusions. Properly written up and adapted to a Bombay audience, who don't know much about Martin Harvey, the Smalls of York, or the Rhonda Vale, it would have made a great hit. But many "laughs" that would have been received with acclamation in the East of London passed quite unrecognised in the Gaiety Theatre. If Dicky, the Dockrat, had been turned into a bailiff from the local Small Causes Court, for example, it would have been more suitable. Apart from that the acting all round was very good and quite free from stiffness, and the make-up excellent. Why was the kipper white? *N.B.*—This is not a conundrum. When next Mr. Croft takes the floor, I hope he will be more ambitious: the talent at his disposal is worthy of better things.

MOTORING.

I do not own a motor car,—I wish I did,—but I am frequently fortunate enough to be taken for a ride in the cars of friends. What strikes me is how wonderfully patient and uncomplaining motorists are under the swindles to which they are subject. Tolls are what I am thinking of at the moment. Until I came to India I was under the pleasing delusion that a toll was a relic of a barbarous age. But tolls at home had some justification in the old days. One got something for the toll one paid in the shape of fine roads. In India one gets nothing at all for paying tolls, unless indeed it be injury, inconvenience, and unnecessary detention. It is well to be remembered that Government is the real owner of the toll, and that the object of a toll is to secure the proper conservation of the roads. The present state of affairs is nothing less than scandal. First of all the way the toll is levied is primitive in the extreme. A half clad native rushes at you with a red flag. He is quite unable to speak English and he is by no means averse to taking eight annas from you if he thinks that you are unable to understand that the vernacular receipt he hands you is only for four. Why Government cannot collect their own tolls in a respectable manner, or else fix an equivalent tax on vehicles, is one of those things no fellow can understand. However, all this would not matter so much if only one got some value for one's money. But the truth is that inst

to which involved his opinion on certain circumstances. As an individual Dr. Stokes's opinion was inadmissible, but as a medical expert it was admissible. When a doctor steps into the witness-box without having been paid his fees as an expert, he has only to answer as any other individual might. If asked his opinion, his very simple answer is—"I really can't say." But if the same question is asked him as an expert, he can of course answer. How then do you turn the doctor as an individual man into the doctor as an expert? Only surely by paying his fees. The decision of the Mysore Chief Court is of course no authority, and I feel fairly certain that it is wrong. If you call John Smith into the box, you can ask him what he has seen, what he has heard; but you cannot ask his opinion, because, as a mere individual, he has none that would be relevant. I cannot find anything in the Evidence Act compelling a witness to give expert evidence unless he chooses to do so.

GOLF. I see it stated in a morning contemporary that the Bogey allowance of 43 allotted for the Bombay Golf Week is very liberal. The statement is hardly correct. At the outside it is perhaps one stroke more than good golf would require and that stroke is given away at the last hole. One cannot help feeling that if it were bestowed at the first it would cheer and encourage many faint-hearted and nervous ones. At the time of writing Mr. Roberts has played three extremely sound rounds, all of them better than Bogey. No one else has done nearly so well, but there are still three days. Mr. Marshall, who is probably the best golfer in Bombay, has not so far been competing, nor has Mr. Nicholson, who has not yet quite recovered from the Gymkhana collapse. Otherwise every one is playing and there is a great assembly at the first tee in the morning. The Gymkhana Mud Sports are also going very strong, and Mr. Grey has succeeded in discovering quite a number of a new events. It must be confessed, however, that the croquet in Wednesday Croquet Stakes was of the most inferior description.

KINEMATOGRAPHY. I was badly done out of six rupees paid for myself and friend at a Kinetoscope entertainment at the Gaiety Theatre the other night. Having paid the money, we found it impossible to recover the same when the performance did not take place, unless we were prepared to wait for an indefinite period until the man in the box office went and changed a fifty rupee note. However, I do not in any way grudge the six rupees to the unfortunate individuals who are running the show. It remains only to commiserate all my readers on the perfectly disgusting state of the weather and to hope for better days.

LOSS ON EXCHANGE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Will you kindly allow me a space in your valuable paper in order to bring the following facts before the Goan community as well as the higher authorities concerned to put an end to the great error which is going on from 1881, since their new coins were out. Owing to the above error, 25 per cent. is either given or taken more between the middle and the lower classes when buying or selling articles: and how I found this out was, I lately accompanied two of my friends to Margao (Goa). There we had an occasion to go and purchase something necessary, which I bargained for four tangas. I gave the man a four-anna silver piece (British coin), which he would not accept, but demanded four tangas. I then gave him 14 pice, 2 half-piece and 3 pies coppers (Portuguese coin), and still he would not accept them. I pointed out to him that these coppers are coined in the reign of King Ludovicus and Carlos I and they must be accepted by him. He latterly informs me that he has no objection in accepting either of the coins, but it must be to the full value of four tangas, which means an extra four pies on every anna, in all 16 pies (5 pice and one pie) on four annas. Total 5 annas and four pies for four tangas, which is equal to 12 tangas for the present rupee according to system. I gave him to understand that I was not a fool like himself or others that gave him 5 pice and a pie for a tanga, when it can be observed by a commonly educated person that the stamping on the reverse is given the value of the coin: such being the case, still the Goan community or the authorities concerned does not care to correct this error. I must say that the Goan community are still unaware that the value of the present rupee is 16 tangas, and not 12 tangas according to the old system. The old system must be entirely abolished, as there are no old coins in use, and the new system insisted upon, which means a saving of 25 per cent.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

LANDLADY AND LODGERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—A few days ago I arranged to let a room with board to two foreign men who no doubt call themselves gentlemen. By the advice of some of my friends I re-considered the matter and when the men came last Monday, without previous notice, to see me about moving in (or completing the arrangement) I informed them by a pencil note (as I was dressing) that the room was not available. On Tuesday I received from them the following letter written on the office paper of a foreign commercial firm in Bombay. The letter I think shows that the advice of my friends was sound in more ways than one.—Yours, &c.,

A DEFENCELESS WOMAN.

October 3.

Bombay, the 1st October 1907.

Does it bespeak on your part womanly gentility to have stooped so low as to break your word of honour and at the same time to try to justify an action at once disgusting and offensive like the one you have so badly identified yourself with? It was the last thing expected of a sensible and educated woman, much less an English lady, to enter into a business compact with all legality about it, then at the eleventh hour to illegally break it as under without the least scruple. Only a human being bereft of any conscience or moral decency could have done like this, and your conduct is simply hard to forget. It was regrettable I could not see you last evening in person, otherwise I would have spoken out my mind boldly to your face with all self-respect in me. But your own conscience did not permit you to talk face to face and hence you shielded yourself behind a pencil memo, which has proved beyond doubt that you do care more for money than for faith and promise, the last thing I had dreamt of you. A little gain of money has so far perverted your mind that you have not realised for a moment what mischief you have done to me and my friends, and how we cursed the circumstance that led us in the first instance to approach you.

But remember well, there are yet means on our side to bring you to your senses and to make you withdraw what you have so unceremoniously done in teeth of good faith and consistency. It is nothing short of a breach of faith, and against that there is every means available to us to have proper recompense from you in a legal way. But however shameful may have been the attitude adopted towards us, we are yet gentlemen and would not lower ourselves at once to sue you through proper channel without giving you a chance at least to make you admit that you have done a grievous wrong to us. I therefore ask you that if you have still womanly esteem in you, you should on receipt of these lines tender me a proper letter of apology.

Awaiting your reply in anticipation that I will be saved from further trouble on your score,—Yours faithfully,

(Signature illegible.)

DURING a visit to the Majolica manufactory at Cadinen, the German Empress noticed a remarkable model of a dog's head, and on inquiry was informed that it was the work of one of the foremen's little sons. She, the *Telegraph* says, sent for the boy to be brought to the palace with his parents, to whom she said that she was so pleased with their son's talent that she would in future take charge of the child's artistic training. He has since been entered at a well-known art school at the Imperial expense.

A GRAND SPECULATION, in these days of financial unrest, is a rare thing for people with spare capital to come across. It is, therefore, refreshing to know that in purchasing a box of Holloway's Pills, good value for money, can be obtained. They never fail to give instant relief from pain, and no disease can long withstand their purifying influence. A few appropriate doses at the proper period will prevent many a serious illness. Their primary action is upon the blood, stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. Their [illegible] upon the nervous system. No [illegible] can be so hurtful as the sensations caused by fretful worry. The most perfect [illegible] may be placed upon their [illegible] and [illegible] revivifying virtues.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

A MEETING of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held in the Municipal Council Hall yesterday afternoon, the Hon. Mr. Vithaldas Damodher Thackersey, the President, occupying the chair.

MUNICIPAL SERVANTS AT THE RACES.

The Corporation recorded a letter from the Commissioner in which that officer said: "With reference to a Corporation Resolution of the 22nd August last, I have the honour to state that I have issued a circular to the heads of departments drawing their attention to the standing order issued by the Chairman, Calcutta Corporation, and requesting them to warn all their subordinates against betting on the race course 'beyond their means.' They have also been asked to intimate to their subordinates that any Municipal employe found disregarding this warning will render himself liable to be dismissed from service."

MUNICIPAL BUILDING EXTENSIONS.

The Corporation considered report of the Committee appointed by Corporation Resolution dated the 9th May 1907, to consider and report on the Commissioner's letter No. 368 dated the 5th April 1907, regarding the acquisition of a portion of the vacant plot of ground between the Municipal Offices and the Police Court with a view to extending Municipal Offices.

It was stated in the report: "The Committee understand that half the plot of this ground, admeasuring 3,589·87 square yards, will be quite sufficient for the requirements of the Municipal Offices for at least 25 years, but that they would nevertheless have recommended the acquisition of the whole plot, had they not before them the application of the Committee of the Victoria Memorial School for the Blind for half the portion. Having regard to the special consideration that the requirements of such an institution as the School for the Blind, which is a memorial to the late Queen Victoria, deserves at the hands of the Corporation, and to the fact that it is not absolutely necessary to acquire the whole plot for the extension of the Municipal Buildings, the Committee recommended that the Commissioner may be asked to inform Government that the Corporation are prepared to take over half the plot and have no objection to the other half being given to the School for the Blind, but that in case the negotiations between the School Authorities and Government prove fruitless the Corporation request that the remaining portion may be also given to the Municipality. The original proposal of the Commissioner was to have the plot divided in two parts, one fronting the Cruickshank Road for being taken over by the Municipality, and the other, the rear plot, for being made available for the School for the Blind. But the Committee having thought it desirable to have the plot so divided as to admit, if possible, of portions fronting the Cruickshank Road being allotted to the Municipality as well as to the School, the Commissioner has placed before them a fresh plan showing how the allotment could be made, a copy whereof is appended to this report. This appears to the Committee to be suitable arrangement and they beg to recommend that the Commissioner may be asked to suggest to Government an allotment of the plot accordingly. The Committee beg to add that the Commissioner agrees with the views expressed in the report."

The Hon. Mr. Owen Dunn in a separate minute said: "I regret I am unable to agree in this report, and I consider that the whole plot should be reserved for extension of the Municipal Offices or for other public requirements. I am of opinion that the situation is entirely unsuited for a School for the Blind, and it appears to have been selected more because a prominent site was considered necessary on account of the august name associated with the school than from any consideration for the afflicted inmates. I think that a quieter situation in a less expensive locality where a larger area could be obtained would be far preferable for the purpose, as allowing space for recreation without danger to life and limb, better circulation of fresh air and freedom from the polluted dust of a busy thoroughfare. Her late lamented Majesty would, I feel sure, have been more gratified by a consideration for these matters than by the provision of a handsome frontage on a prominent site with her name over the entrance door. I strongly protest against the appropriation of this site for the purpose."

Dr. Sukhia in his minute wrote: "I fully concur in the Committee's report. From a medico-sanitary point of view I think this plot for the School for the Blind is not only suitable but is highly desirable in a City like Bombay where such plots are not easily available. It is satisfactory that the plot for the School for the Blind will be fully open on the South and all throughout its length on the West. Danger to life and limb appears to me to be imaginary. It should not be lost sight of that one of the very few existing langs in the City, *viz.*, the Esplanade "Maidan," is just opposite to the south of the plot for the School for the Blind, which fact evidently goes much in favour of the Committee's recommendation. The Committee of the Victoria Memorial School for the Blind should be congratulated for obtaining one of the most healthy sites, which is essentially necessary for the unfortunate afflicted who above all require a highly sanitary, airy and healthy plot as they cannot freely take bodily exercise a 'sine qua non' to keep healthy body. The golden rule of education should be 'mens sana in corpore sano.' If there be any force in the argument advanced for 'freedom from the polluted dust of a busy thoroughfare' in a thickly populated City the construction of new thoroughfares likely to be busy, e.g., the Princess Street and any other such street schemes in the heart of the town, should always be condemned in the interest of general public health and there will be no necessity for a body like the Improvement Trust, and so the present Municipal Office and Council Hall and the proposed extensions should also be condemned for the sake of the health, and consequently for the lives of our so-called Municipal experts working full time and those City Fathers who do the Municipal work at a great sacrifice and waste of their very valuable time and energy and not as a mere labour of love for the good of the City."

The Hon. Sir Pherozeshah Mehta in moving the adoption of the report remarked that the Municipality were not in need of the whole of the plot, and they could allow such a deserving institution as the Victoria Memorial School for the Blind have half the plot. That was a very suitable plot for a school building, and besides the Municipality would not require more land than half the plot for several years to come.

Sir Dinshaw Petit moved as an amendment that the Commissioner be requested to negotiate with Government with a view to acquire the whole plot for the Municipal Offices building extensions. It was not from any lack of sympathy for the Victoria Memorial School that he moved the amendment. From a practical point of view the Corporation would see that the principal work was expanding and the city progressing and they would not have to wait for so long as 25 years more for further extensions, but they would have very soon to enlarge their buildings. The Victoria School was a deserving institution and he would on a future occasion bring before them a motion to sanction a grant for that institution which was worthy of their support. It was a memorial for the late Queen Victoria whom they all so much loved and respected.

The Hon. Mr. Owen Dunn seconded the amendment, which was agreed to.

The Corporation then adjourned.

TEMPLE-BURNING IN THE JHELUM DISTRICT.

Emphatic Denial.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCTOBER 3.

The Chief Secretary to the Punjab Government has addressed a letter to the Government of India regarding the burning and looting of certain Gurdwaras in the Jhelum and Attock Districts and has submitted the following report for the information of the Government of India:—

"Careful enquiries have been instituted both in the Jhelum and Attock Districts regarding the rumoured burning and loot ing of temples at Farid (by which apparently the village of FaridKassar is meant) and Ganditha, but no such case has occurred and the story is emphatically denied by all leading Hindus of these villages. The case against the alleged incendiaries at Udharwal was still pending on the 30th instant and a further report will be made when the result of the trial is known and a copy of the Judgment is available.

SPORTING NEWS.

POONA EXTRA RACES.

Horses Left in for Saturday.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCTOBER 3.

The following are the horses left in for Saturday's meeting:—

BHEEMA PLATE (Hurdles)—(2 miles).—Madeira 12st 11lb, The Master 11st 10lbs, Loch Lochie 11st 4lbs, Lamrock 11st 3lbs, Refuge Bay 10st 10lbs, Umuttbee 10st 7lbs, Lonehand 10st 3lbs, Nelt-Gwynne 9st 7lbs, Shotover 9st 2lbs, April-Fool 9st.

NEW LAWN PLATE.—(Six furlongs.) Killua 10st 6lbs, Metal Maid 10st 11b, Preparation 8st 9lbs, Baritone 8st 8lbs, St. Patrick 8st 6lbs, Mallinyook 8st 4lbs, Dunsinane 7st 8lbs, Palindrome 7st 6lbs, Rosewater 7st. Jubilant 6st 13lbs, Flotsam 6st 12lbs, Nat Gould 6st 11lbs, Chevalier 6st 9lbs.

CHINCHWAD PLATE.—(Seven furlongs.) Swallor 9st 4lbs, Makjoom 9st 2lbs, Rashad 8st 12lbs, Noofal 8st 12lbs, Idbas 8st 11lbs, Forrester 8st 8lbs, Dhamas 8st 7lbs, Dhafer 8st 6lbs, Galopin 8st 4lbs, Reality, 8st, Recruit 7st 13lbs, Elector 7st 12lbs, Petroleum 7st 10lbs, Gold Mint 7st 9lbs, Manchester 7st 8lbs, Shabeeb 7st 8lbs, Electric 7st.

KARJAT PLATE.—(About five furlongs). Tachreet 10st 7lbs, Mint 9st 3lbs, Creditor 9st, Eed 8st 12lbs, Sheik 8st 9lbs, Darby 8st 1lb, Ptarmigan 8st, Mumbra 7st 13lbs, Koursaheb 7st 12lbs, Settler 7st 11lbs, Caravan 7st 10lbs, Whiteface 7st 9lbs, Gaucho 7st 8lbs, Mudlool 7st 6lbs, Sabig 7st 4lbs, Little Joker 7st 3lbs, Maharaja 7st 1lb, Glass 7st 1lb., Meerjan 7st, Sahoon 6st 13lbs, Advocate General 6st 12lbs, Engine 6st 10lbs, Wadi 6st 8lbs, Happy Land 6st 7lbs, Namdar 6st 3lbs.

WELTER HANDICAP.—(Seven furlongs.) Umutbee 11st, April Fool 10st 13lbs, Devil's Dance 10st 11lbs, Craig 10st 7lbs, Lady Lomond 10st 5lbs, Lonehand 10st 3lbs, The Earl 10st 1lb, White Heather 9st 9lbs,

SMALL WINNERS PLATE—Kalul, Mudlool, Solicitor, Hasheer, Caravan, Sherali, Shanwar, Amood Sib, Betty, Calcutta, Tuticorin.

Additional Race for Saturday.

The following are the Entries to the new race:—

SELLING PLATE. Half-a-mile.—Mr. Waheed's Barrister (Rs. 400); Messrs. Saif and Gany's Nasrat (Rs. 600); Mr. M. Abdoola's Zir (Rs. 400); Messrs. Yussaff and Ebrahim's Muddaries (Rs. 600); Mr. G. K.'s Parthia (Rs. 1,000); Mr. G. K's Premier, late Kamat (Rs. 600); Messrs. Goculdas and Nanjee's Little Toy (Rs. 600); Mr. Dawood Wally's Rahim (Rs. 500); Mr. Vaid's Lender (Rs. 400); Mr. Barton Coulson's Narcissus (Rs. 500); Aga Mirza's Star of Bombay (Rs. 600),

POONA HORSE SHOW.

Final Day.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCTOBER 3.

The Horse Show concluded to-day when the remnants of the third day's programme were carried out in blazing, sun from 11 a.m. to 1-30 p.m. His Excellency the Governor was early on the scene to watch the final competitions and to present the prizes and so were General Richardson and General Sir Pertab Sing. It must at once be said that the show has been a complete success and for this achievement Captain Grafton Young, the hard worked Honorary Secretary, has to be heartily thanked.

The chief attraction of to-day were the jumping competitions and the championships. It was not long before both were decided. Captain Gra ton Young's Topthorn took first prize in the jumping for horses and in the champion wall jump of 4 feet 6 inches only two competed.

The following prizes were awarded to-day:—

JUMPING FOR HORSES.

(1st Prize presented by the Goldsmiths and Silversmiths, 2nd by Major F. Morris, 3rd by the fund

Mrs. Grafton Young's blue roan aus. g Topthorn (ridden by Captain Hughes) 1st; Mir H. H. Study's g w h Stewardooh, 2nd; Mrs. Grafton Young's b aus m Black Buck, 3rd; Eight competed. Judges Major Leslie, Captain Winter and Mr. Tomkinson.

CHAMPION WALL JUMP, not under 5 ft. 6 inches.

First prize presented by Colonel Ball I. M. S., Mrs. Grafton Young's "Topthorn", 1st; Mrs. Grafton Young's "Black Buck", 2nd. Only two competed out of ten who entered, and ladies horses 1st and 2nd prizes presented by the officers, Royal Field Artillery:—Mrs. H. O. Quin's b aus. g. "Monsieur Beaucaire" 1st; Mrs. Richardson's b. aus. g. "Maxim" and the Army Remount Depot's br. aus. M. Empress tied for second.

TEAMS.

Prize presented by Surgeon-General Trevor C. B:—H. E. the Governor's team 1st; 26th Prince of Wales' Own Cavalry 2nd. Only two teams competed. The Championship for the best polo pony the (prize presented by H. H. Maharajah of Joodpore) Mr. St. Clair Oray's' 'Surprise"

Best Hunter (prize presented by the Hon'ble Mr. Morrison, I. C. S.,) Lieut. General Richardson's "Lady Cottesmore."

Best Harness horse or pony (prize presented by officers 26th Cavalry) Mr. J. C. Gaulstan's Lord "Bob" late Shirley Defiance) in the latter championship Mr. N. Marshall's "Snobby" ran the winner close and the judges took some time in making the award. Both horses were only recently imported.

SECUNDERABAD POLO TOURNAMENT.

Semi-Finals.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, OCTOBER 3.

The Semi-finals in the Hyderabad Polo Tournament were played this afternoon on Secunderabad polo ground in intensely hot weather. Neverthless the elite of Hyderabad and Secunderabad society put in an appearance, in addition to which there was a vast assembly of the general public spectators. Two games were got through, namely the Futteh Maidan Gymkhana versus the 20th Deccan Horse and Golconda vs. 33rd Light Cavalry "A" team.

Futteh Maidan Gymkhana vs. 20th Deccan Horse.

The teams were composed as follows:—

Futteh Maidan Gymkhana.—Mr. Zamin Hussain, Mr. Green, Mr. Asgen Mirza, and Mr. Goolam Murtaza (Back).

20th Deccan Horse:—Naik Siddi Alikumer, Sowar Siddinur, Mr. R. B. Worgan and Duffadar Abdul Noor (Back) Captain Stopford R. F. A., and Captain Hill, Royal Fusiliers, were umpires. The Deccan Horse team was in great form and maintained the well-known reputation of the regiment for its achievements in the polo field. On the other hand the Gymkhana showed a marked falling off. The game was one of six chukkers. Mr. Worgan for the Deccan Horse was a host in himself, his play being loudly applauded. Soon the figures went up showing a goal to the credit of each team. It was not long before the Deccan Horse placed three additional goals to their credit making the scores the Deccan Horse 4 goals to Futteh Maidan Gymkhana 1 goal.

Mr. Worgan again distinguished himself by scoring another splendid goal. Duffadar Abdul Noor soon after put in another goal followed quickly by a further one. The Gymkhana were hopelessly beaten, although Mr. Green and Zamin Hussain played for all they were worth. The result was:—

Deccan Horse..... 7 goals.
Futteh Maidan Gymkhana..... 1 goal.

Golconda vs. 33rd Light Cavalry "A."

After a short interval the second game was played, General Remington and Captain Stopford being Umpires. The competing teams were:—

Golconda.—Hamid Yar Jung, Mr. Shali Mirza Beg, Major Osman Yan Dowla and Mr. Kadir Beg (back.)

33rd Light Cavalry "A" team.—Duffadar Ali Khan, Trumpter Sher Mahomed Khan, Duffadar Aliyar Khan and Major Fitzerald (black).

This game was very fast, but it could be seen at a very early stage which team would come out the winner from the play of the Golconda team who had matters quiet their own way. To praise any member of the team would be invidious where all played well. The Light Cavalry tried their hardest, but could put one goal past the Golconda flags; thus both the games ended in a remarkable manner, that is 7 to 1.

Major Alexander and Officers were "At Home" to their friends. His Highness the Nizam's Garrison band was in attendance.

ROYAL BOMBAY GOLF CLUB WEEK.

Second Competition.

THE principal feature of this competition which was played on Wednesday and yesterday morning was that practically two events were competed in at the same time, both of them by Stroke or Medal Play, but the one event was decided by the gross scores returned, whilst the other was decided by nett scores under handicap. Under one of the conditions, no player was allowed to claim more than one prize in this competition, a rule which, as it turned out, had a considerable effect on the winners list.

Mr. A. L. S. Roberts played thoroughly good golf, and was the only competitor who appeared to be able to master the difficulties of the course and to avoid the cunningly placed bunkers. His return of 43 on Wednesday morning and of 41 yesterday morning was only marred by some weakness at the 4th and 5th holes, while his 4 yesterday at the 6th hole (ordinarily a six-stroke hole) was an admirable piece of play. Mr. G. C. Scott (—7) played an excellent 44 for his round on Wednesday, but could not retain that form yesterday. Mr. Pechey has not been playing up to his proper form this week, his putting in particular being very poor. Mr. Aitcken and Mr. R. P. Scott were also completely off their game. Mr. W. F. Ross has played consistently well this week, and with a much reduced handicap won the first prize in the Seniors Handicap event. There were 40 entries, in the competition, and the following are the chief returns made:—

SENIORS CLASS.

SCRATCH EVENT.

A L S Roberts.....	43	41 = 84	1st Prize
W P Pechey.....	44	43 = 87	2nd Prize
C H Roberts.....	45	45 = 90	
W F Ross.....	46	46 = 92	
J S Mackenzie.....	46	46 = 92	
A E Boyd.....	47	45 = 92	
A C H MacLean	45	47 = 92	

HANDICAP EVENT.

A L S Roberts.....	84	+ 2 = 86*	
W F Ross.....	92	— 6 = 86	1st Prize
C H Roberts.....	90	— 2 = 88	Tie for 2nd
J S Mackenzie.....	92	— 4 = 88	Prize
W P Pechey.....	87	+ 2 = 89	

JUNIORS CLASS.

SCRATCH EVENT.

R J Brown	48	45 = 93	1st Prize
C D H Dunlop.....	49	49 = 98	2nd Prize
G C Scott.....	44	54 = 98*	
A C Owen.....	50	50 = 100	
P J Arnot.....	50	50 = 100	

HANDICAP EVENT.

R J Brown	93	— 12 = 81*	
C W Breul	106	— 24 = 82	1st Prize
G C Scott.....	98	— 14 = 84	2nd Prize
A C Owen.....	100	— 14 = 86	
J Robertson.....	105	— 16 = 89	

* Disqualified for having won another Prize in the competition.

RIOTS IN BEADON SQUARE.

Police Stoned.

ARMED FORCE CALLED OUT.

SERIOUS FRACAS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 3.

A disturbance took place last night in Beadon Square. It began with stone throwing and the crowd was rapidly dispersed. Later at night the disorder was resumed and police from the neighbouring *thanas* again turned out. Half a dozen police constables were injured with stones. The following account is from the "Indian Daily News":—

At about 8-30 p.m. while the proceedings of the Beadon Square meeting were going on people began to throw stones from the houses behind on the police officers who were taking notes. The police officers with the help of the constables on duty charged the mob who ran away and the meeting was immediately dispersed. The mob then reformed and began to throw stones at the police officers from the terrace of houses close-by. The police force present numbered sixty policemen headed by three Inspectors. For nearly two hours it was quite impossible to pass Chitpore-road either in a tram-car or gharri, the mob as before throwing stones at the occupants. Some 'parawallas' were wounded and had to be removed to the nearest hospital, but fortunately none of them received serious injuries. The disturbance lasted for two hours and the police force then returned to Jorasako Thanna.

About half past ten the northern section of Chitpore-road again became very disturbed. Trams continued the service for a short while but the crowds regathered and commenced to break the gas lamps and assault passers-by indiscriminately. Urgent messages were sent to Superintendent Aldridge and the latest reports show that it was again considered necessary to call out policemen armed with regulation lathis. The extremely local nature of the disturbance during the earlier hours of the evening may be seen from the fact that no reinforcements were sent out from the Lall Bazar and even Colootollah Thanna was undisturbed. Later, upon a recrudescence of disturbance, the police were sent from all the six northern Thannas, apart concentrating in Baranase Ghose's Street and part at the Shoba Bazar crossing. The forces coming from Chorebagan reported much stone throwing from houses, which forced them to make a detour, and injured one man. They were joined at Chitpore-road by the Deputy Commissioner with six European police armed with carbines. The Commissioner followed shortly after. All was then quiet in Chitpore-road, but all the street lamps between Mullick Mansions in Shoba Bazaar Crossing had the glasses broken and lights damaged. A halt was made at one house from which stone throwing had been particularly marked, but up to the time of going to press no arrests have been made. The police in all numbered about two hundred, some thirty being armed.

LATER.

During the rioting last night, several native shops on the Chitpore Road were entered, men in charge thrashed and things smashed. The police and the mob blame each other, but more likely it is the work of badmashes who seized the opportunity for robbing.

Last night's rioting in Beadon Square was due to the Police ordering a meeting, held to honour a few students who had just been released from jail after undergoing short sentences for rioting, near the Police Court, to disperse.

"BENGALI WARRIORS."

A Pictorial Prophecy.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 3.

A "Bengalee" correspondent writes that any one who takes the trouble to journey through the northern quarter of Calcutta would be simply struck by the divers' pictures exposed for sale. A publisher has printed a half-tone headed "Bengal Fifty Years Hence" thus showing that half a century later the modern Bengalis will be perfect warriors.

IT is not often that a score-sheet in Championship cricket records a batsman being out for obstructing the field. This happened at Cardiff in the match, Glamorgan vs. Lancashire Second XI., in the Minor Counties Championship, the Glamorgan professional Preedy losing his wicket in this way in the first innings after compiling one run. The published record omits to mention what particular form the obstruction took. The Lancashire team won by 108 runs.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. N. C. Macleod, B. A. (Oxon.), Barrister-at-Law, to act as a Judge of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay, for a period not exceeding one year.

Lieutenant L. S. Fenton to be Adjutant, Kolhapur Infantry, and "ex-officio" Assistant Political Agent, Kolhapur.

Lieutenant C. C. J. Barrett to be Second-in-Command, Savantvadi Local Corps, and "ex-officio" Assistant Political Agent, Savantvadi.

The services of Major T. A. F. R. Oldfield, Assistant Political Agent, Second Grade, are placed, on his return to duty, at the disposal of the Government of India in the Foreign Department for appointment as Assistant Resident, Amreh, vice Captain H. S. Strong on leave.

Mr. A. Lucas, I. C. S., Acting Judical Commissioner of Sind, is granted, with effect from the date on which he avails himself of it, such privilege leave as may be due to him on that date, in combination with furlough for such period as may bring the combined period of absence up to one year.

Mr. E. M. Pratt, Acting Additional Judicial Commissioner of Sind, to act as Judicial Commissioner of Sind vice Mr. A. Lucas, I. C. S., proceeding on leave, or pending further orders.

Mr. Dayaram Gidumal, B.A., LL.B., Judge and Sessions Judge, Surat, to be Judge and Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad, vice Mr. A. C. Wild, I. C. S., proceeding on leave.

Mr. W. T. W. Baker, B. A. (Oxon.), I. C. S., Acting Judge and Sessions Judge, Ahmednagar, to act as Judge and Sessions Judge, Surat.

Mr. S. J. Murphy, I. C. S., Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge, Satara, to act as Judge and Sessions Judge, Ahmednagar.

Mr. L. C. Crump, I. C. S., on return to duty, to be Judge and Sessions Judge, Hyderabad.

Mr. L. V. M. Robertson, I.C.S., passed an examination in Hindustani on 16th September.

Mr. R. S. Pearson, Deputy Conservator of Forests, has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Mr. L. Robertson, I.C.S., has been allowed an extension of furlough for three months.

Mr. R. D. Bell, M. A. (Ed.), I. C. S., on return to duty, to be Assistant Collector, East Khandesh.

Mr. R. L. Moysey, I. C. S., on return to duty, to be Assistant Collector in Sind.

Mr. C. S. McKenzie, Deputy Conservator of Forests, has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Mr. A. S. A. Westropp, I. C. S., an officiating Collector in Class III of the Imperial Customs Service, is appointed substantive "pro tem," in that Class, with effect from the 14th July.

Messrs. A. W. Varley, I. C. S., J. Nissim, I. C. S., L. J. Sedgwick, I. C. S., and D. R. S. Bourke, Divisional Forest Officer, Satara, passed and examination in Marathi according to the Higher Standard on 18th September.

Mr. A. C. Wild, I. C. S., passed an examination in Gujarati according to the Higher Standard on 18th September.

Messrs. G. Leathem, I. C. S., O. H. B. Starte, I. C. S., and R. M. Maxwell, I. C. S., passed an examination in Kanarese according to the Higher Standard on 18th September.

Messrs. F. K. Boyd, I. C. S., and J. D. Maitland-Kirwan, Divisional Forest Officer, Jerruk, passed an examination in Sindhi according to the Higher Standard on 16th September.

Mr. R. B. Milne, I. C. S., passed an examination in Hindustani on 16th September.

Mr. W. O. Alcock, B. A., (Oxon.), I. C. S., Assistant Collector, Bijapur, is allowed, with effect from the date of relief, privilege leave for three months in combination with furlough for such period as may bring the combined period of absence up to 21st August 1908.

Mr. R. M. Maxwell, I. C. S., to be Assistant Collector, Kanara.

Mr. R. G. Gordon, I. C. S., to do duty as Assistant Collector, Nasik, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Mr. J. Nissim, B.A., LL.B., (Cantab.), Barrister-at-Law, I. C. S., or pending further orders.

Mr. W. W. Smart, I. C. S., on return to duty, to act as Deputy Commissioner, Upper Sind Frontier, vice Mr. J. R. Martin, I. C. S.

The Reverend C. F. W. Hatchell B.A., Chaplain of Kirkee, is granted such privilege leave of absence as may be due to him on the 1st October or subsequent date in combination with furlough for such period as may bring the combined period of absence up to two years.

The Reverend H. Foote on return from privilege leave is appointed to be Chaplain of Kirkee.

The Venerable Archdeacon W. A. Dickins is granted such privilege leave of absence as may be due to him on the 26th October or subsequent date in combination with furlough for such period as may bring the combined period of absence up to one year and three months.

Gerald Leyns Walker, gentleman, to be Second Lieutenant, 2nd Battalion, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles (Mounted Rifle Troop), to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st August.

Mr. E. E. Coombs, Superintendent, Government Central Press, is granted such privilege leave of absence as may be due to him on the date of relief in combination with leave on medical certificate for such period as may bring the combined period of absence up to nine months.

On return from leave, Mr. R. Haines, Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, is posted to the Northern Division.

The services of Mr J. Begg, F.R.I.B.A., Consulting Architect to Government, are placed, pending further orders, at the disposal of the Government of India on deputation, and Mr G. Wittet, Temporary Assistant Architect under covenant, is appointed to hold charge of his office during his absence, or until further orders.

Mr R. B. MacLachlan, B.A., B.E., Temporary Engineer under covenant, and Mr. D. R. Sawhney, Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade passed on the 16th September an examination in colloquial Sindhi, according to the standard laid down in Public Works Department Code.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

Bombay, Oct. 4.

1. The Squadron will parade at the Queen's Statue on Tuesday morning next, the 8th instant, at 7-30 a.m.
Dress:—Drill Order, Khaki, Carbine and Sword.
2. There will be drill for Recruits at the Town Hall on Tuesday evening next, the 8th instant from 5 p.m.
3. Members are requested to draw their Saddlery, Arms and Accoutrements from Head-Quarters between the hours of 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.
4. The Annual Corps Dinner will be held in the new Pavilion, Bombay Gymkhana, on Saturday the 5th instant at 8-30 p. m. All members of the Corps are invited to attend and bring any guests they may desire.

H. S. SYMONS, Lieut.,
Offg. Commdt. B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING, B. V. A.

Bombay, Oct. 4.

3rd PROFICIENCY CLASS.

Parade at the Saluting Battery Apollo Bunder on Saturday at 5 p.m.
Dress—Plain clothes.

R. W. FISHER, Lieut.,
Adjt., B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, Oct. 4.

250. Details for the week ending Saturday the 5th instant.
To-day Friday the 4th——School of Arms at the Y M C A Association at 7 p.m.
II—All Recruits of the current season will parade at Head-Quarters at 7 p.m.—Drew—Mufti.
Saturday the 5th—The Rifle Range at Ghat Kopar is placed at the disposal of No "F" Coy for class firing.
Note—The train for Ghat Kopar leaves Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m daily.
251. Issue of Arms—Arms and Equipment will be issued to members of the Corps at Head-Quarters, between the hours of 7 a.m and 5 p.m daily except Sundays.
253—Enrolments—The undermentioned having been enrolled are taken on the strength and posted to "A" Company:—No 6153 vat G C Lack No 6154 Vat F T Rodgers
n 253—Extract from "Gazette of India" Army Dept dated Simla 13th September 1907, is published for information
No 796—Bombay Vol rifles—Percy Barnes Haigh, gentleman, to be Second Lieutenant, to complete the establishment Dated 1st August 1907

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt, B. V. R.

A HIPPOPOTAMUS has been born in the Jardin des Plantes—the Parisian "Zoo." It is the fourth offspring of an immense African hippopotamus which has been in the gardens for ten years. The mother has always refused to feed her young, and this time the management of the Jardin des Plantes has called in the services of goats to feed the little hippopotamus. He drank the milk of five goats the first day, ten goats supplied him later on, and he is doing very well.

POST TO ALEPPO.

ON the 1st September of this year, writes a Persian Correspondent of the *Pioneer*, the Sultan's accession day was celebrated not only by the usual darbars and illuminations, but also by the opening of a work of more permanent utility, namely, a regular post-carriage service to Aleppo. Some months ago it was known that a Company of Turkish subjects had been formed for this purpose, and that they had bought more than a hundred mules. The French Engineer, M. Chavanis, went out in the blazing heat of July and August to patch up the road, and strenuous efforts were made to start the enterprise on the great day. These were successful, and with a punctuality rare in Turkey, two carriages started simultaneously on the 1st September, one from Aleppo and the other from Baghdad. The Aleppo carriage made the best pace and arrived in Baghdad on the 9th; the Baghdad carriage apparently met with more difficulties on the way and did not reach Aleppo until the evening of the 10th September.

The Company has a right to feel proud of these results. The distance between Aleppo and Baghdad by road is about 500 miles, and the journey has hitherto taken 21 to 23 days to do by carriage, the speed being limited by the powers and endurance of one set of animals. There are now relays of mules all along the road, and it is hoped

THE LADIES' CORNER.

FOOTGEAR OF COLOURED LEATHER.

FASHION being abandoned when the summer season comes to an end, writes our Paris lady correspondent, the modern descendants of St. Crispin have decided that coloured boots and shoes will take as important a place as ever during the autumn and winter. The effect of these will be greatly accentuated by the length of the shoe, which is one of the most salient features of the footgear of the moment. Even the woman who owns naturally small feet is sacrificing this particular vanity by adopting shoes which are several sizes too large, and which are so narrow that it is hardly an exaggeration to say that the fashionable foot tapers to a point almost resembling a hart's tongue fern. The colour most in vogue is "lie de vin," carried out in the supple suede kid, which has almost a velvety finish, and which is strapped and tipped with black patent leather, the boot being very high round the calf, and of the button variety in place of the laced boot, which was so ultrafashionable a last winter. Another shade is a deep, soft blue, the boot being designed without any patent finishings, while the new bright, clear violet tone, and a soft brownish-pink in a modified pomegranate tint, are both representative colours. There are, of course, antelope and lizard boots, which are more or less the fashion in Paris this season, but these have been considerably put in the shade by coloured footgear, and till the craze wears itself out, these better known styles are likely to remain in abeyance. As a matter of fact, the inventive genius seems to have been particularly active where the bootmakers are concerned, and the vogue for fanciful footgear originated this year in the boots of white linen, which are still being adopted for seaside wear, the toes being covered with embroidery to match the embroidered gowns. The visit to a bootmaker's shop nowadays is by no means the prosaic matter which it was in days gone by, when the choice was limited to patent and glace kid, with the alternative of sturdy walking boots in box calf or "blacking" leather. Every colour which has been conceived as regards the new materials has been repeated where leathers are concerned, and the smart Parisienne in choosing her new footgear invariably makes her appearance on the scene armed with a supply of patterns of her favourite tailor-made costumes. As an alternative, boots are designed to match the new felt or velvet hats, a portion of the hat trimmings giving the keynote to the colour scheme.

ORIGINAL IDEAS IN DRESS ACCESSORIES.

The new belt for autumn wear consists of thickly plaited string, woven so closely as almost to look like canvas, the width of these belts being about four inches. Two rows of basket stitch allow of two half-inch bands of kid threaded through, the variety in the shades—such as string colour with white, purple, or brown—providing ample scope for individual taste, and make it quite possible to supply a new belt to match every costume. With dark mixed tweeds, a deep shade of string colour strapped with purple has an excellent effect, whilst with indefinite blue mixtures flecked with green a belt of string colour and lizard looks exceedingly well. A beautiful new scarf for evening wear is carried out in mousseline-de-soie in pale delicate tones of sun set pink, "orocus" mauve, and lemon yellow, with an edging of marabout to match. An important point is that the marabout feathers, instead of being clipped, are of natural length, and the plumes placed closely together, so as to give a rich, billowy effect. Although lovely in dead white, these scarves are, of course, selected to match the gown with which they are worn, and are supplemented with three horizontal rows of marabout at the tip, which have a very pretty effect when the wearer is seated and the ends thrown lightly over her knees.

SLEEVES PLEATED ON THE INNER SIDE.

An old friend has turned up in the shape of the Northfolk jacket, but this style is adapted—as it always is in Paris—to introduce a fanciful element into the scheme. As regards a case in point, a striped material in a very dark mixture of colours was choosen, the lines being placed so closely together as to give the effect at a short distance of a black material. The coat was fashioned with a box pleat down the back, which vanished under the belt, while the flat turned-down collar was carried out in the Parisian idea of the Gordon tartan, a double-breasted and tight-fitting front showing a peep of a tartan waistcoat, which opened in its turn over a cream lace vest. Three pairs of large velvet buttons finished off the front, while the sleeve reached nearly to the wrist, a moderate fulness being given by a succession of small horizontal pleats which decorated the front seam. This sleeve is, in fact, typical of what will be worn throughout the autumn and winter, and, though by no means generally becoming, is being adopted enthusiastically by some of the leading tailors. A warm combination of wood brown and dahlia red seems to have captivated the fancy of the couturiere, and in the case of a redingote cloth costume in these two shades, the coat was generously ornamented with broad brown silk military braid flanked on either side with lines of narrow red soutache, whilst a smart little quasi-military waistcoat of wood-brown cloth was almost hidden under close rows of dahlia red soutache, each row being caught with a tiny gold button.

WHITE FELT HATS WITH CERISE VELVET.

Far from having been ousted from the millinerial scheme, roses appear to have been subjected to a revial in the realm of autumn headgear, and in rich shades of crimson, bronze, and mint and sauterelle green, they will be responsible for some of the smartest schemes of the future. Immense full blown examples, designed in two shades of velvet, form a species of wreath all round the crown, being placed in close proximity to each other, thus providing the only trimming where the new wide-brimmed Huguenot hat is concerned. White felt, with cerise velvet, suggests a rather voyant alliance, which is establishing itself in the affections of the Parisienne. A very typical example is that of a hat with curled up brim and jamporcrown, which was trimmed with two of the new velvet choux—which are so vague in outline as to have an almost shapeless effect—each of these being carried out in cerise in two distinct tones, while the edge of the brim was bound with the lighter shade.

THE VICTORIA TECHNICAL INSTITUTE.

WE must congratulate Mr. Dawson, of the Victoria Technical Institute, on the very able manner in which he has initiated the first Motor Classes in Bombay, says the "Indian Motor News." The small grant made by Government has been laid out in a perfectly marvellous manner, so that now the students who are qualifying for motor mechanics and drivers have a splendidly equipped workshop to work in, and a couple of good cars to experiment upon. An encouraging sign is that on the opening day there were registered ten students for the Senior Class and eighteen for the Junior Class, and it is pleasing to observe the names of those who have joined the Amateur Class, namely: The Hon. Mr. Justice Owen Dunn, the Hon. Mr. Vithaldas Damoder Thackersey, Sir Jamshedji Jeebhoy, Khan Bahadur Bomonji D. Padumji, Lt.-Col. R. H. Forman, Messrs. J. H. Taylor, C. A. Guest, E. W. Fern, Narotum Morarji Gokuldas, T. H. Wilsham Fazulbhoy Chinoy, J.E. Mody, D. B. Baria and J.D. Bhaar. The Senior Class will be composed of candidates with certificates of previous training in Mechanical Engineering, or those who have obtained the Third Class Engineer's Certificate under the Boiler Act. Instruction in this class will comprise a course of lectures and workshop practice extending over a period of six months. For the present this class will be limited to thirty, preference being given to those candidates who may be nominated for training by actual owners of motor cars. The Junior Class is to be limited to twenty and the complete course will extend over twelve months. During the first six months students of this class will be required to attend the Mechanical Engineering Workshop of the Institute for the necessary preliminary training, and on satisfactory progress being made the students will be promoted to the Senior Class. It will be seen from the above that there is no intention of merely turning out drivers with a superficial knowledge of motor engines and gears, but skilled mechanics, who will be experts in driving and be capable of making small repairs. This is what is greatly needed with the increasing use of motor cars in Bombay, and such men will be able to command good positions. Mr. Wm. Harper, a well known and experienced Bombay expert, has been engaged to give the various lectures and supervise the workshop—than whom, we are sure none better could be found in the Presidency.

BY THE WAY.

RUSKIN'S PUBLISHER.

ALTHOUGH the late Mr. George Allen, Ruskin's publisher, was the founder of a great firm of publishers, it was not as a publisher in the ordinary sense that he was first entrusted with the publication of Ruskin's books. It was as a craftsman on whose taste and judgment he could rely that Ruskin turned to him when he decided to try his famous uncommercial experiment in the making and selling of books. Mr. Allen had been a student at Ruskin's art classes at the Working Men's College in Great Ormond-street, London, where his interest had been turned towards engraving, in which he became a skilled craftsman. Mr. Collingwood has described the first venture. "On January 1, 1871, was issued a small pamphlet, headed 'Fors Clavigera,' in the form of a letter to the working men and labourers of England, dated from Denmark Hill, and signed 'John Ruskin.' It was not published in the usual way, but sold by the author's engraver, Mr. George Allen, at Heathfield Cottage, Keston, Kent. It was not advertised; press copies were sent to the leading papers; and of course the author's acquaintance knew of its publication. . . . No arrangements were made for its sale by the booksellers; sevenpence a copy, carriage paid, no discount, and no abatement on taking a quantity."

A PROSPEROUS VENTURE.

The work came out in monthly instalments, the price afterwards being raised to tenpence. By 1875 the first thousands were sold, and a second edition was issued. The venture prospered. "Sesame and Lilies" followed in 1872, and all the rest of his books were issued in the same way. Ruskin objected to advertisement and to middlemen—though not to booksellers as such. "It was found," says Mr. Collingwood, "that the booksellers were not indispensable, and that business could be done through the post as well as over the counter. In spite of occasional difficulties . . . there has been a steady increase of profit, rising of late years [1900], according to Mr. Allen, to an average of £4,000." Mr. Allen, of course, built up at the same time an independent connection as a publisher on ordinary lines.

HOTEL TOUTS.

Foreign hotel touts (writes a correspondent) are not too great a nuisance to have their humorous side. In a tour in Holland last week I had opportunities of making a close study of this voluble race. Their plan is to gather in a terrifying group at the station entrances and to pounce down upon anyone who issues carrying luggage. After struggling with them at a few towns I adopted the plan of always leaving my bag in the station and making a preliminary tour of inspection of the place before fixing upon an hotel. This worked beautifully. At the site of an obvious English visitor issuing from a station with his hands in his pockets the touts fell silent and gazed at me with puzzled uncertainty. These Dutch touts, like most hotel people in the country, glory in a little English painfully acquired for business purposes. At the Hague (continues our correspondent) I saw one persistent gold-braided tout fasten himself upon a stout and silent Englishman with a bag. "Come to Hotel—, sir: very nice, sir." No answer. "Good English breakfast, sir; ham and eggs, sir," pursued the tout, following his man up a side street. "Go upstairs on a lift, sir; no trouble, sir." Thus the tout pursued his silent prey, until at last the taciturn Englishman turned and said, I don't want an hotel; I want a policeman."

BENEFITTING BY MOROCCO.

The troubles in Morocco have benefited a portion of the Maltese community in a curious way. Cumin, or Cummin, is grown to a considerable extent in the island of Malta, and during the year 1906-7 the cultivation of the plant has been increased by 456 acres, or 50 per cent, in anticipation, says a consular report, "of greater demand for this article in consequence of political troubles in Morocco." Presumably it is expected that there will be a reduced export from Mogador, which, with Malta, Sicily, and India, is the source of supply to the world's market. Cumin is a dwarf umbelliferous plant grown in the region of the Levant for its fruit and seed, which have a bitterish, warm taste, with an aromatic flavour, and are used like those of anise and caraway. Cumin is a constituent, too, of the famous Indian curries. English people are most familiar with the word from the reference in the Gospel of Matthew, where the Pharisees are reproached for "omitting the weightier matters of the law" while they "pay tithe of mint and anise and cummin."

FOREIGN LANGUAGE IN JAPAN.

The Tokio journals just to hand publish some interesting facts about the study of foreign languages by the Japanese. In 1900 a special school for this purpose was established at Tokio, and professors from different countries were engaged. In the first year of its existence the public studied English, Chinese, German, Russian, French, Spanish, and Korean. By far the largest number of students took English; only a few devoted themselves to Spanish and Korean. Four years afterwards, when the school had become thoroughly established, that is in 1904, it was found that the great majority of the pupils had studied Chinese; English took second place, Russian third, and German fourth. During the scholastic year which has just ended the position of the languages has changed considerably. Japan has had time to go into the matter and put it to a fair practical test, and she finds that among the living languages of the world English takes first place. It is closely followed by Chinese, whilst Russian and French occupy third and fourth places respectively. At the last examination the number of pupils who satisfied the examiners were as follows:—In English 30, Chinese 27, Russian 21, French 20.

THE MARTINETS.

In the course of my business (writes a correspondent) I called the other day upon one of my customers who keeps a small provision store of a kind common enough in the suburbs, to which is attached an off-licence, in this case tied to a large brewery. As we stood talking in the shop a brisk-looking fellow entered walked rapidly round the counter, peering sharply about him the while, and, without a word, stepped down into the cellar. Noting my momentary glance of astonishment, the proprietor shrugged his shoulders and whispered, "That's the brewery inspector." A moment later this individual, scowling horribly, rose from the depths and confronted us, holding before him a mallet, an ordinary and much used wooden mallet. "What's this?" he demanded. The shopkeeper answered that it was a mallet used for driving bungs. "Where did you get it?" was the next question. "I bought it," was the reply. The inspector produced a notebook. "I must report this," he said. "You know we keep these; next time you want one remember to get it from us."

PATENT MEDICINES IN GERMAN.

Patent medicines are already regulated by stringent laws in the German Empire, but a new law has just been passed and will come into force on the 1st of next month which seems likely to abolish them altogether. By the present law, which was passed in 1903, the manufacturers of patent medicines are obliged to state on each package what ingredients the medicine contains and in what quantities. The new law, according to the "Advertising World," forbids the use of any written or printed statement in praise of the article or compound, any testimonial or recommendation, or anything in the nature of an advertisement or an inducement to buy.

STRINGENT ORDERS.

Chemists and all retailers are required to know the ingredients of patent medicines if they sell them on their own responsibility. Where they do not or cannot know the ingredients they are forbidden to sell them except on a doctor's order. A long list of patent medicines affected by the new law, which applies to the whole of the German Empire, has already been circulated, and public advertisement of them is strictly prohibited, even in the form of an announcement offering to supply on request printed matter the object of which is to further sales.

"A CORKER."

The Editor: "This poem is rather heavy, and not at all the sort of stuff we require. But supposing we did publish it, what would you want for it?"

The Poet (who has just won a Limerick): "Oh—anything from £37 4s. 2d. upwards!"—"London Opinion."

* * *

CHEAP AND DEAR.

[Only things to eat and drink and wear are dear. Happiness is at the same old prices.—"San Francisco News Letter."]

What blessings we enjoy
Who in these later times
Our leisure moments may enjoy
In playing, writing rhymes,
Or drinking draughts which never cloy
On heights the poet climbs.

For happiness is free;
It costs no more to-day
Than when Æneas put to sea
In ages far away,
Or when the World heheld the Ne-
Olithic man at play.

And so, I will be gay,
And free from every care;
No more the hours of night to La-
Bour's claims again will spare
When once I have enough to pay
For those an all nothings which to-day
I eat and drink and wear.

A. WEB.

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

THE CHRISTIAN.

THE dramatic critics say that "The Christian" is not a good play, and the author, Mr. Hall Caine, says that it is. It is so courageous of the critics to speak frankly of a work whose author, they are certain beforehand, is going to be allowed to criticise their criticisms and so courageous of Mr. Hall Caine to write long letters to the papers about the excellence of his work, thus cheerfully renouncing all claim to those qualities with which the world is accustomed to associate the possession of genius—the qualities of modesty and of dignity—that one hardly knows which personal side of the controversy to admire the more. "If the public refuses "The Christian," I shall know the play is wrong," writes the author, and immediately after that he twits the critics for their "ardent upholding of certain entertainments of another kind," which the public is giving its chief support to! It is well that Mr. Caine admits the existence of two sorts of public, the good public and the bad public, for now we may look to him to cultivate some sorts of play, the good play and the bad play. At present, at the height of his anger, Mr. Caine is something else besides courageous. He is bold. For he says to the critics, who object to certain very unpleasant scenes in "The Christian," "Some of you are very sure that you know the baser side of life much better than I do, and far be it from me to gainsay your contention."

AN EXCELLENT JUMP.

W. S. Gilbert, it will be remembered by old playgoers, was much gentler than this to a gentleman who rather prided himself upon being conversant in an uncommon degree with the life and habits of the "demi-mond". The gentleman in question was the author of a Drury Lane drama, which dealt with characters of a similar kind to those that flock the stage at the Lyceum, and he presented them under such exaggerated circumstances, and put such unheard-of dialogue into their mouths, that Gilbert, possibly with his tongue in his cheek, wrote in his notice of the play that the author's ignorance of these unpleasant matters did him infinite credit! I believe Gilbert affected to see in this the one redeeming feature of the evening's entertainment. But he was "Bab" then, and writing his votes on the theatre in "Fun" under the editorship of Tom Hood, and his frivolity was excusable.

AN INTERESTING EVENING.

"The Christian" is not half such a bad play as Mr. Hall Caine would have us believe the critics think it. Shorn of a lot of its tendency to preach, and a little of its tendency to shock and disgust, the play is one which may rank, without fear of question, with the very best productions which have emanated from the present popular management at the Lyceum. If the author confronts us with many things and persons that baffle us in our amiable attempt to reconcile them with life as it is, the experience is not a new one with us, and we prepared to bear our defeat with perfect calmness and perfect patience. We sing with the famous Savoy quartette:

"In a contemplative fashion,
In a peaceful frame of mind,
Free from every kind of passion
Let us some solution find!

When we find the solution we gladly make a note of it; when we don't we make a note of it reluctantly. The prevailing melancholy of the play becomes at last quite fascinating. It wearies the spectator at first, but, after a while he takes a keen interest in seeing how long the stage can keep it up. I once came upon a woman, with a very melancholy face gravely dancing a very melancholy step to an exceedingly lively tune from a street organ. I paused to look at her performance, and, after a minute or two, I was above to wonder why I had stayed so long to watch so dreary an object, when it suddenly occurred to me that one of the most interesting things in life to do at that moment was to remain where I was, and see how long the melancholy woman could keep up her melancholy step before collapsing. She kept it up for half an hour, and when she finished I was not in the least bit relieved. The melancholy preaching, which accompanies the lively scenes in "The Christian," is much like the melancholy dancing which accompanied the lively tune. You feel quite sorry when the curtain goes down upon such an old friend. On the whole, Mr. Hall Caine's play affords a thoroughly interesting, if none the less dull, evening, and the fine acting of Mr. Matheson Lang as the Hon. John Storm of Mr. Frederick Ross as Father Lamplugh, and of Miss Alice Craford as Glory is deserving of the very highest praise—which, by the way, it has obtained in full measure from Press and public alike. I strongly recommend a visit to "The Christian." It is by far and away the best thing the present Lyceum management has yet given us.

RICHARD MANSFIELD.

I heard of the death of Richard Mansfield, the American tragedian and character actor (at least, he practically became an American), two or three hours after I had been talking with a friend and fellow first-nighter over the shock he gave us when many years ago, he made his first appearance at the Lyceum as the monster Hyde in the Robert Louis Stevenson play of "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde." "I have only been really scared and haunted by two things presented in the theatrical way," said my friend. "The first thing scared and haunted me when I was a child. It was the old prisoner in the Bastille dungeon, with the mice running over his bread, at Madame Tussaud's. The second thing scare and haunted me when I was a man. It was Richard Mansfield's alarming performance of Dr. Jekyll's other self, the beastman Hyde." And then we recalled how, on the first night of the actor's presentation of the play at the Lyceum, a panic was pretty nearly cause in the theatre by the noisy swooning of a lady who was almost frightened out of her life, and completely frightened out of her stall, by the ghastliness of an episode which practically ruined the play's chances of success in England—the strangling of the heroine's father by the hideous Hyde. "In that silent midnight hour, When all evil things have pow'r," Hyde being an unusually evil thing even for a melodramatic murderer, and having, as all readers of Stevenson's startling novel may recollect a very terrible amount of power when the fancy took him for putting innocent people to a violent death.

A MEMORABLE SCENE.

Here is the scene which made "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" in New York, and marred it in London. Dr. Jekyll was an "interesting" young medical man upon whom an uncommonly cruel fate had bestowed the curse of a second being and existence in the form of a monstrously ugly creature with a mania for choking people to death. As Dr. Jekyll, this extraordinary dual personality, played with such terrific power by the late Richard Mansfield, was in love with the daughter of a country squire; but knowing that he might at any moment turn into the monster whose murders had shocked New York, and entirely puzzled and baffled even the late Mr. Pinkerton the celebrated detective, the young doctor, whose affections were returned by their object determined upon breaking off with the girl and visiting her father to make as good a tale of his conduct as would be possible without disclosing the secret of his frightful affliction. He calls upon the father late at night, and is explaining he must return to New York when he feels Mr. Hyde "coming on" and goes quickly out into the garden lest the transformation should take place before the eyes of his host.

A WILD BEAST.

The squire, a little uneasy about Dr. Jekyll's strange behaviour, resolves to sit up in his library for a bit, so the lights are turned down, with the exception of one redshaded lamp, which the old man reads his book by at the fireside. Presently a most horrible face, which must have chilled Richard Mansfield himself to look upon for the first time in his dressing-room mirror, appears at the glass door leading to the garden, and the old man, unconscious of his doom, his back being turned to the door, goes on reading. The monster enters the library with the stealthy, soft-footed tread of a tiger, his eyes gleaming horribly in the white light of the stage moon without, and the old man, startled from his book by the sound of this terrifying object's ferocious breathing, turns and finds himself face to face with it.

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SHENDURNI,
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DR. A. T. SANDEN.

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While travelling by Railway in March 1905 my hand which was resting on a cushion suddenly slipped by a jerk. On arrival at Bombay I consulted a Parsi Bone-setter, who applied his paste on three occasions but the pain did not abate at all. I then had recourse to no less than three ointments which are advertised as painkillers, but the pain did not subside. I then tried massage and fomentations with two liniments but found no relief. In November 1906, after trial of these several remedies, for a period of 18 months, I consulted you and purchased your Herculex. I have been using it since then and the pain has gradually disappeared and I am able now to move my left arm freely. There still remains a slight pain in the upper joint near the shoulder, but I feel confident that by continued use of the belt I shall get rid of it.

Besides removing the pain I find that my health has considerably improved and I attribute this improvement to your Herculex, which is an excellent invigorator. I am, dear Sir, Yours gratefully,

(Sd.) J. D. KOLATKAR.

Nothing more need be added to this letter as it speaks for itself. If you labour under the same difficulties and cannot get relief by the treatment you are applying now, drop me a postcard with your name and address and I will send you, free of charge, my descriptive books on Electrical treatment, from which you will learn what the Herculex can do for you.

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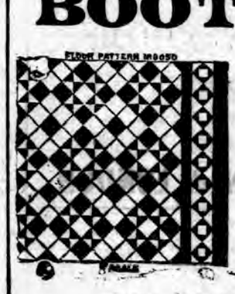

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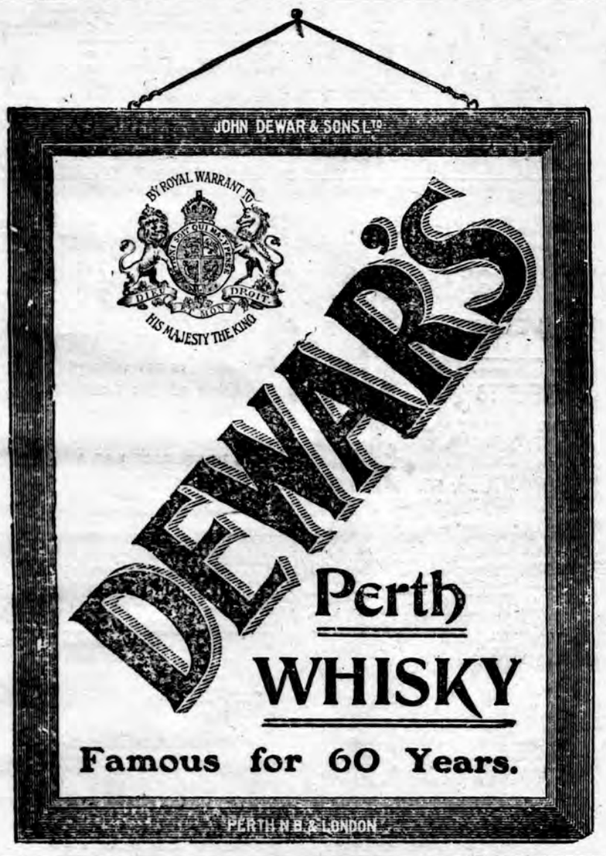

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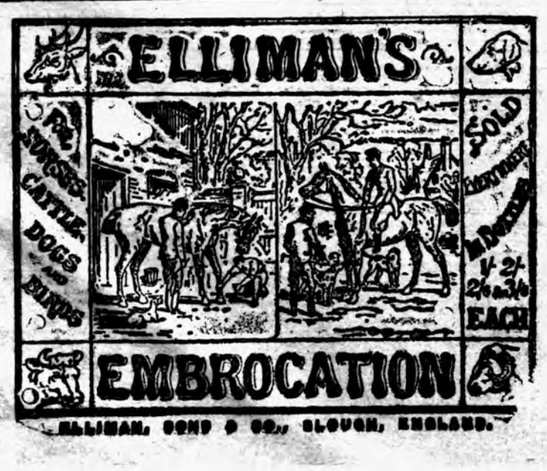

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